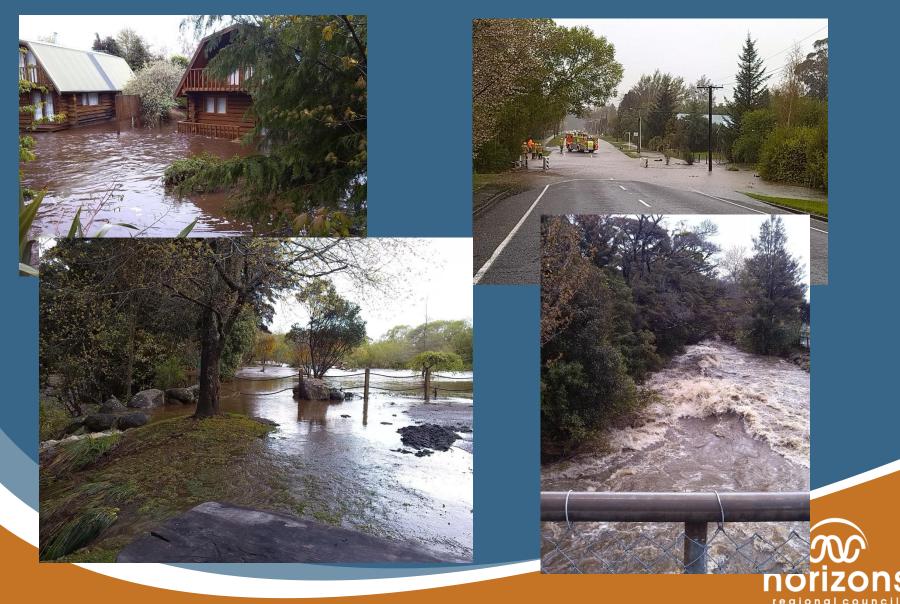




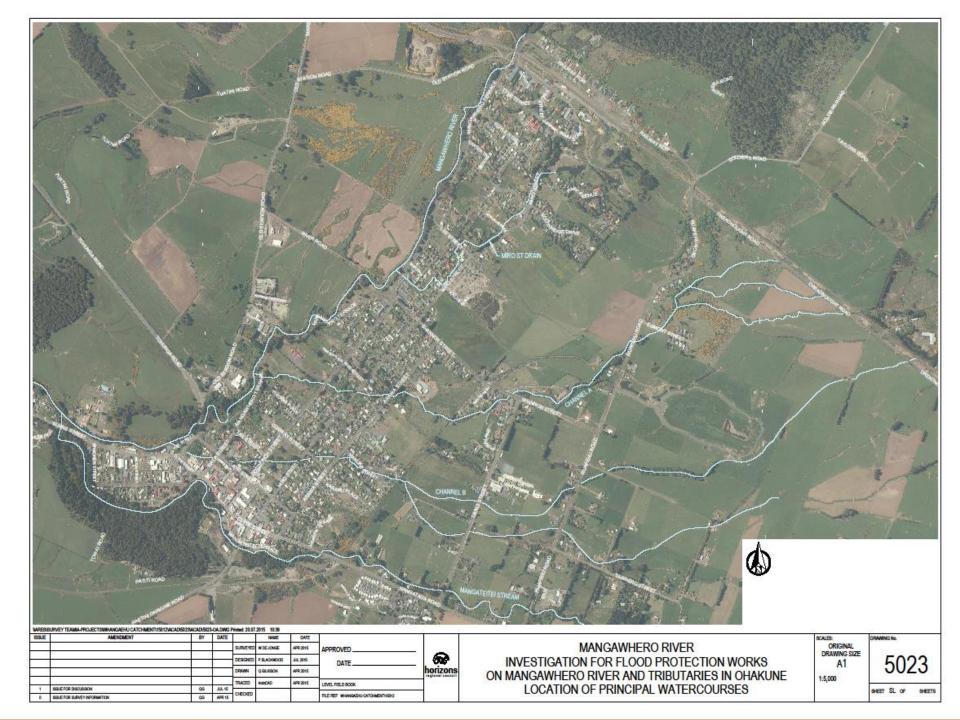
WHY ARE WE HERE?

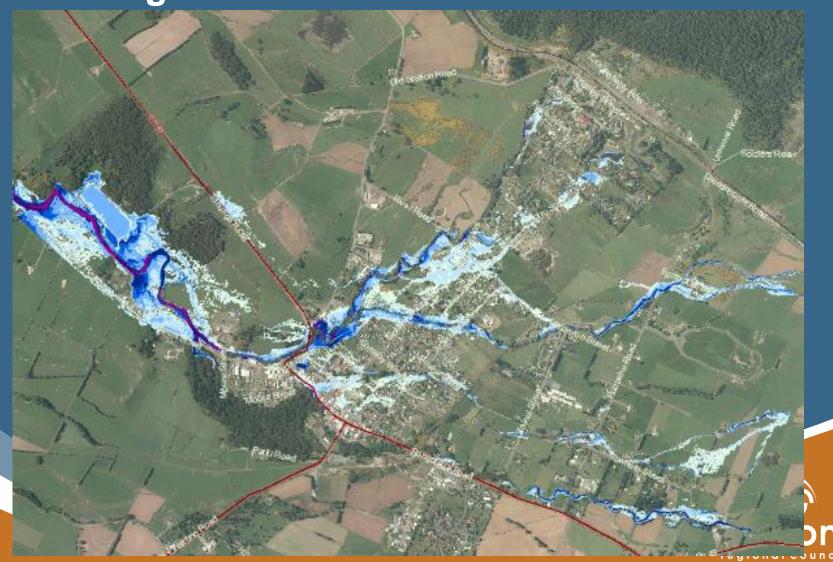


Context

- Ruapehu District Council asked for assistance through the Annual Plan process
- Upper Mangawhero River & Tributaries Rank 1
 Priority of 72 rivers & streams identified in 2014 Non-Schemes Report.
- Significant flooding, erosion, willow congestion.
- Five main watercourses through town.
- Onset flooding problems at 2-5% AEP (20-50 year).
- 15 October 2013 Event a "near miss" at 2.5-5%







Problems:

- Seriously congested urban and rural channels.
- Gravel build-ups downstream of Township (30 rural houses downstream SH49 flood in 0.5% AEP).
- Major outflows Miro St Drain at motels beside Shannon St.
- Channel A large urban stream tortuously fitted between houses.
- Almost all culverts undersized Channels A and B.
- House floor below dam spillway.
- 140 urban houses & 30 commercial buildings flood in 0.5%
 AEP.



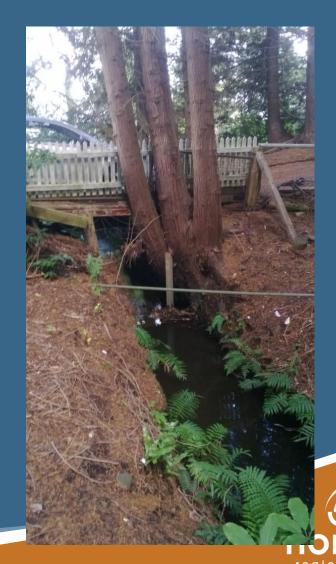


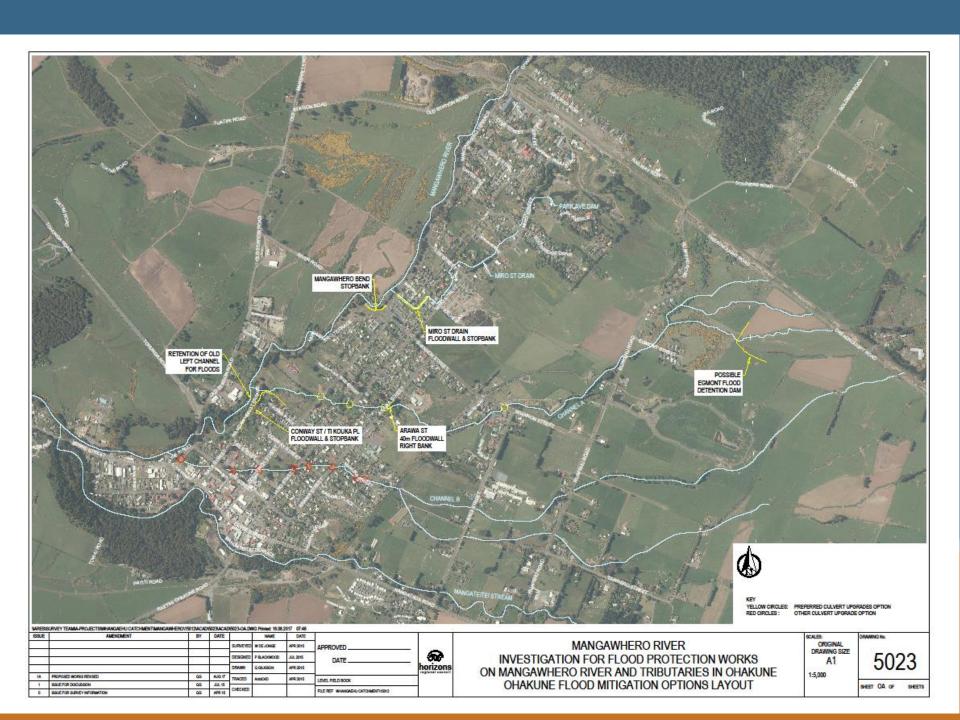












SUMMARY

- The threshold for flooding of parts of Ohakune township is between a 20 & 50 year event.
- Significant flooding with widespread community disruption will occur in a 100 year flood.
- Flood risk is able to be mitigated to the 0.5% AEP standard.
- A combination of measures is required:
 - Channel improvements
 - Overland floodway
 - Culvert enlargements or retention area options
 - Stopbanks & floodwalls
 - Throttling of existing detention dam
- Works could be prioritised & spread over a number of years.

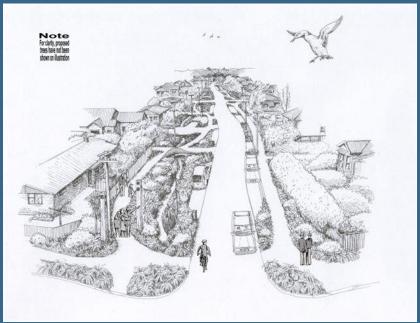


- Sustainability
- Soft Engineering
- Channel beautification
- Improved aquatic biodiversity





Bings Drain







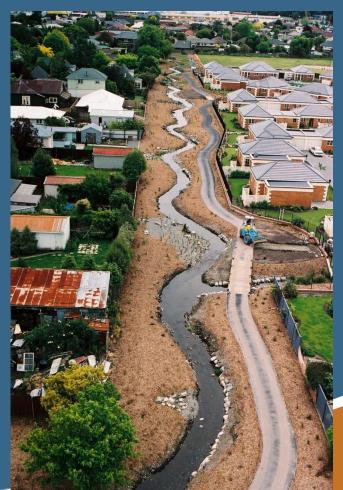
Dudley Creek







Papanui Creek







Picton Ave Pond





St Albans Stream







Woodward Ave Swale

Loftus Street Rain Garden



Aquatic Biodiversity Improvements

 Ohakune is a door stop to aquatic life Prolific downstream Poor upstream

WHY

- Long sections of piped waterway
- Removal of natural waterways
- Perched culverts requiring fish passage
- Loss of natural vegetation and habitat



HOW DO WE IMPLEMENT? SCHEME

- Back in the Catchment Board days there were Central Government subsidies available at 3 to 1
- Now we live in a user pays environment
- Works are now managed through River Schemes
- Schemes are 80% funded by targeted rates and 20% funded from the general rate



WHAT MIGHT THIS COST

It is proposed that the initial work is spread over three years at a capital cost of \$2 million. This would be funded by way of a loan and repaid over a ten year period.

Approximate costs to rural and urban households per \$100,000 of capital value is shown below

Year	1	2	3	4 to 10	11 +
	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22 – 27/28	2028/29 +
Urban Ratepayers	\$35	\$72	\$107	\$122	\$15
Rural Ratepayers	\$16	\$33	\$48	\$55	\$7



UPPER MANGAWHERO AND TRIBUTARIES Ohakune Proposed Rating Area



WHERE TO FROM HERE?

- Present findings to wider community
- Proposals through Long-term Plan

- ADDED ADVANTAGES
- Co-operation between Councils
- No silo approach to cohesive Ohakune stream management
- Design mitigation to flood risk
- Improvement in aquatic biodiversity
- Enhanced stream channel management beautification

