#### Track Changes – End of Water Hearing – Yellow Version – 09 April 2010

Notes for track changes: This is the final recommendation for wording of One Plan provisions made by Regional Council officers at the conclusion of the Water Hearing. It uses the Proposed One Plan provisions as notified as the base document and consolidates recommendations from the Planning Evidence and Recommendations Report (August 2009), Supplementary Report (November 2009) and End of Hearing Report (April 2010).

Words recommended to be added are shown in underline, words recommended to be removed are shown in strike through.

Terms defined within the Proposed One Plan glossary are *italicised* and marked with an asterisk (\*) symbol. Terms defined in the Resource Management Act 1991 are *italicised* and marked with a caret (^) symbol.

# 13 Discharges to Land and or Water 1

#### 13-1A Objective 13-1: Regulation of discharges<sup>^</sup> to land<sup>^</sup> or water<sup>^</sup>

The regulation of discharges^ onto or into land^ or into water^ (either directly or as the consequence of a discharge^ onto or into land^) in a manner that:

- (a) recognises and provides for the water management values set out in Schedule Ba
- (b) recognises and provides for the objectives and policies of Chapter 6 as they relate to surface water and groundwater quality
- (c) where a discharge is onto or into land, adverse effects on surface water or groundwater are avoided or mitigated.<sup>2</sup>

#### 13.1 Policies

#### Policy 13-1: Consent decision-making for discharges to water

When making decisions on resource consent applications, and setting consent conditions, for discharges of water or contaminants into water, the Regional Council will have particular regard to:

- (a) the objectives and policies of Chapter 6 regarding the values of water\_bodies\* and the management of surface water^ quality and discharges^
- (b) avoiding discharges which contain any persistent contaminants that are likely to accumulate in a water\_body.
- (c) the appropriateness of adopting the best practicable option to prevent or minimise adverse effects in circumstances where:

Scope for this recommendation is found in "Report on scope for Water Chapter recommendations" Clause (ii).



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Minor change – Schedule 1, Clause 16(2) RMA.

- (i) it is difficult to establish discharge<sup>\(\)</sup> standards for a particular discharge<sup>\(\)</sup> that recognise and provide for the management approaches for water quality and discharges set out in Chapter 6
- the likely potential<sup>2</sup> adverse effects<sup>\(\)</sup> are likely to be<sup>2</sup> minor, and the costs associated with adopting the best practicable option<sup>\(\)</sup> (ii) are small in comparison to the costs of investigating the likely effects on land water
- the objectives and policies of Chapters 3, 4, 7, 9, 10 and 11A<sup>4</sup> to the extent that they are relevant to the discharge<sup>A</sup> (d)

#### Policy 6-19 13-2: Options for discharges to surface water and or land 2

When applying for consents and making decisions on consent applications for discharges^ of contaminants^ into water^ or land^, the opportunity to utilise alternative discharge^ options or a mix of discharge^ regimes, for the purpose of mitigating adverse effects^ where practicable, shall must<sup>4</sup> be considered, including but not limited to:

- discharging\ contaminants\ onto or into and\ in preference to rather than discharging\ contaminants\ into water\ (a)
- (b) withholding from discharging contaminants into surface water at times of low flow
- adopting different treatment options for discharges<sup>^</sup> to different receiving environments<sup>^</sup> or at different times (including different flow (c) regimes in surface water bodies\*). 3

This policy implements Objective 13-1.2

#### Policy 6-11 13-3: Human sewage discharges^

Notwithstanding targets for *water*^ quality and other policies in this chapter:

- all new discharges<sup>^</sup> of treated human sewage shall must<sup>4</sup> be applied onto or into land<sup>^</sup>, or flow overland, or pass through a rock filter or (a) wetland\(^\) treatment system or alternative system that mitigates the effects\(^\) on the mauri\(^\) of the receiving before entering a 5-surface\(^4\) water body\*
- all existing direct discharges of treated human sewage into a surface water body shall must change to a treatment system described (b) under subsection<sup>2</sup> (a) by the year<sup>1</sup> 2020.6

Policy 13-3 has been incorporated in its entirety from Chapter 6 (Policy 16-11)



Proposed One Plan

13-2

Policy 13-2 has been incorporated in part from Chapter 6 (Policy 6-10).

Consequential change as a result of the Provisional Determinations.

WTR 33 - 280/43.

#### Policy 13-4: Monitoring requirements for consent holders

<u>Point source</u><sup>7</sup> <u>D</u><u>discharges</u> of <u>contaminants</u> to <u>water</u> shall <u>must</u> generally be subject to the following monitoring requirements:

- (a) the regular monitoring of *discharge* volumes on *discharges* smaller than 100 m<sup>3</sup>/day and making the records available to the <u>Regional</u> <u>C</u>ouncil on request
- (b) the installation of a pulse-count capable meter in order to monitor the volume discharged for *discharges* of a volume greater than 100 m³/day or greater¹
- (c) the installation of <u>a</u> Horizons<sup>1</sup> Regional Council compatible <del>conductivity meters</del> <u>telemetry system</u><sup>7</sup> on <u>discharges</u> of volumes greater than 300 m<sup>3</sup>/day, with telemetry of conductivity and discharge volume on an hourly basis<sup>7</sup>
- (d) <u>Mm</u>onitoring<sup>1</sup> and reporting on the quality of the *discharge* at the point of *discharge* before it enters surface *water* and upstream and downstream of the point of discharge (after reasonable mixing) may also be required. This will align with the Horizons Regional Council's environmental monitoring programme where practicable to enable cumulative impacts to be measured.

This policy implements Objective 13-1.2

### Policy 13-2 13-5:1 Consent decision-making for discharges to land

When making decisions on *resource consent* applications, and setting consent *conditions*, for *discharges* of *contaminants* onto or into *land* the Regional Council will have particular regard to:

- (a) the objectives and policies of Chapter 6 regarding the management of groundwater quality and discharges^
- (b) where the *discharge* may enter *water* or have an adverse *effect* on *water* quality, the degree of compliance with the approach for managing surface *water* quality set out in Chapter 6
- (c) avoiding as far as practicable any adverse effects on any sensitive receiving environment or potentially incompatible land uses, in particular any houses, schools, churches, marae, public areas, regionally significant infrastructure identified in Policy 3-1, wetlands, surface water bodies, and the Coastal Mmarine Aarea; 1

<sup>9</sup> WTR 75 - 265/29.





WTR 74 – 182/ 35.

<sup>8</sup> WTR 74 – 182/36.

- (d) the appropriateness of adopting the best practicable option to prevent or minimise adverse effects in circumstances where:
  - (i) it is difficult to establish *discharge* standards for a particular *discharge* that recognise and provide for the management approaches for *water* quality and *discharges* set out in Chapter 6
  - (ii) the likely adverse effects are minor, and the costs associated with adopting the best practicable option are small in comparison to the costs of investigating the likely effects on land and water
- (e) avoiding discharges which contain any persistent contaminants that are likely to accumulate in the soil or groundwater
- (f) the objectives and policies of Chapters 3, 4,  $\underline{5}_{,10}^{10}$  7,  $\underline{9}_{,11}^{11}$  10 and  $11\underline{A}_{,10}^{4}$  to the extent that they are relevant to the discharge.

#### Policy 6-9 13-6: Point source discharges^ to land^

Discharges<sup>^</sup> of contaminants<sup>^</sup> onto or into land<sup>^</sup> shall must<sup>4</sup> be managed in a manner which:

- (a) ensures that there is no significant degradation of the existing groundwater quality is maintained 12
- (b) does not result in pathogens or other toxic substances accumulating in soil or pasture to levels that would render the soil unsafe for agricultural or domestic use
- (c) recognises and provides for the strategies for surface water quality management set out in Policies 6-3, 6-4 and 6-5, as necessary
- (d) maximises the reuse of nutrients and *water*^ contained in the *discharge*^ to the extent practicable
- (e) ensures that adverse effects\(^1\) on rare habitats\(^1\), threatened habitats\(^1\) and at-risk habitats\(^1\) are avoided, remedied or mitigated.

This policy implements Objective 13-1.2

<sup>1</sup> WTR 75 – 460/108.

Policy 13-6 has been incorporated in its entirety from Chapter 6 (Policy 6-9).



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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>0</sup> WTR 75 – 440/86.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> WTR 31 – 180/29.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> WTR 31 – 372/56.

#### Policy 13-7: Management of intensive farming activities

- (a) When making decisions on resource consent applications and setting conditions on resource consents for *intensive farming\** activities the Regional Council will:
  - (i) seek to limit nitrogen leaching to the cumulative nitrogen leaching maximum\*; and
  - (ii) seek to exclude all livestock from the following waterbodies\*:
    - (A) <u>a wetland or lake that is a rare habitat\* or threatened habitat\*;</u>
    - (B) <u>a river that is permanently flowing, or is intermittently flowing with an active bed\* width greater than 1 metre (when measured as an average across the property) at any time the bed contains water.</u>

unless the access is required for stock to cross the river in which case condition a) iii) applies. For the purposes of this policy excluded means stock must be denied access to the specified waterbody\* by any permanent or temporary fence, or any natural barrier; and

- (iii) seek to ensure that all places where livestock regularly cross rivers identified in a) ii) are culverted or bridged and those culverts or bridges used by the livestock whenever they cross the specified river. Regularly crossed means crossed by more than 1350 stock movements per week.
- (b) The Regional Council may make an exception to (a) in circumstances where:
  - (i) the intensive farming\* was existing as at 31 May 2007; and
  - (ii) putting in place the nutrient management practices identified in the nutrient management plan\* for the activity to achieve the cumulative nitrogen leaching maximum\* or requiring stock exclusion would have an unreasonably high financial cost that in the opinion of the Regional Council would significantly outweigh the environmental benefit of the practice. When making an assessment under this policy the Regional Council will have regard to the individual and cumulative adverse effects, which may extend beyond the boundary of the property.
- (c) Where the circumstances in (b) apply, consents will generally be granted with conditions that require that:
  - (i) <u>all best management practices (other than those identified to be unreasonable by b) ii) above) to minimise the loss of nitrogen, phosphorous faecal coliforms and sediment from the activity are implemented; and</u>
  - (ii) any losses of nitrogen, phosphorous, faecal contamination or sediment which cannot reasonably be mitigated on the property (as identified by b) ii) above) are offset or mitigated including by way of environmental compensation offered by the applicant; and



the amount of nitrogen leaching from the intensive farming\* activity in each year does not exceed the average loss of N/ha/year (iii) from the activity over the period 31 May 2007 to 31 May 2009.

This policy implements Objective 13-1.2

#### Policy 13-8: Transfer of N-loss entitlement

When making decisions on resource consent applications, and setting conditions, on land use relating to the amount of nitrogen leaching to be allowed from a activity regulated by Rule 13-1b. 13-1c or 13-1d the Regional Council must take into account nitrogen leaching avoided from any other rural *property*\* in the Region provided:

- the property\* on which nitrogen leaching is to be avoided is within the same specified Water Management Zone\* as the property\* (a) in respect of which consent is being considered
- (b) the volume or rate of the nitrogen leaching avoided and the duration of that avoidance is recorded in a resource consent or a legally enforceable agreement with the Regional Council
- the calculation of nitrogen leaching avoided is based on the difference between the modelled amount of nitrogen leaching and the (c) cumulative nitrogen leaching maximum\*
- the nitrogen leaching avoided is not being relied on by any other party for the purpose of compliance with conditions of any (d) resource consent<sup>16</sup>

This policy implements Objective 13-1.2

## Policy 13-3 13-9<sup>1</sup>: Management of discharges<sup>^</sup> of domestic wastewater\*

When making decisions on resource consent applications, and setting consent conditions, for on-site discharges of domestic wastewater, the Regional Council will generally ensure that the discharge<sup>^</sup> is in accordance with the Manual for On-site Wastewater Systems – Design and Management (Horizons Regional Council, 20069)<sup>18</sup>.

For discharges<sup>^</sup> that are not in accordance with the Manual for On-site Wastewater Systems – Design and Management (Horizons Regional Council, 20069 the Regional Council will make decisions on resource consent applications, and set consent conditions, for on-site discharges^ of domestic wastewater\*, to ensure that:

Consequential change as a result of changes to the 'Manual for On-site Wastewater Systems' - See WTR 76.

one plan

Consequential changes as a result of the insertion of rule 13-1a, 13-1b, 13-1c and 13-1d.

Link insertion of new Policy 13-8 to 182/40

- (a) the site\* is suitable for the intended on-site wastewater management system
- (b) the *discharge* does not result in actual or potential contamination of groundwater at any point of abstraction utilised for irrigation, stock or domestic drinking water, surface *water\_bodies*, stormwater drains artificial watercourses \*2 18, or neighbouring properties.\*
- (c) the discharge^ does not constitute a public health threat
- (ca) an adequate area of land equal in size to the disposal area must be set aside as a reserve area for land application 2
- (d) the *discharge* does not cause any offensive or objectionable odour to the extent that causes an adverse *effect* beyond the *property* boundary
- (e) the reserve disposal area allocation is sufficient.

#### Policy 13-10: Industry based standards

The Regional Council will examine relevant industry based standards (including guidelines and codes of practice) and may accept compliance with industry standards as being adequate to avoid, remedy or mitigate adverse effects<sup>^</sup> to the extent that such standards address the matters in Policies 13-1 and 13-2. <sup>19</sup>

This policy implements Objective 13-1.2

#### 13.2 Rules^: Agricultural Activities

Table 13.1 sets out the target <u>Wwater Mmanagement Sub-zones</u> where management of <u>intensive farming</u> land uses activities activities controlled by rules 13-1a to 13-1d will be specifically controlled. The table includes the dates after on which the provisions of the One Plan rules 13-1a to 13-1d that relate to these Water Management Sub-zones\* come into force.

Table 13.1 Water Management <u>Sub-</u>Zones\_\*20

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> Consequential change from recommendations and changes to Schedule D including the development of the new Schedule Ba.



WTR 161 – 426/214 and WTR 165 357/7.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> WTR 72 – 267/8.

Catchment	Water Management Sub-Zone*	Date the rules of the Plan come into force
Mangapapa	Mana_9b	<del>1 April 2009-</del> 1 July 2011 <sup>21</sup>
Mowhanau	West_3	1 April 2009
Mangatainoka	Mana_8a	1 April 2010 1 July 2011 <sup>21</sup>
g .	Mana_8b	
	Mana_8c	
	Mana_8d	
	Mana_8e	
Upper Manawatu above Hopelands	Mana_1a	1 April 2011 1 July 2012 <sup>21</sup>
	Mana_1b	
	Mana_1c	
	Mana_2a	
	Mana_2b	
	Mana_3	
	Mana_4	
	Mana_5a	
	Mana_5b	
	Mana_5c	
	Mana_5d	
	Mana_5e	
Lake Horowhenua	Hoki_1a	<del>1 April</del> <u>1 July</u> 2012
	Hoki_1b	
Waikawa	West_9	<del>1 April</del> <u>1 July</u> 2012
	West_9a	
	West_9b <sup>20</sup>	
Manawatu above gorge	Mana_6	<del>1 April</del> <u>1 July</u> 2013
	Mana_9a	
	Mana_9c	
Other south-west catchments	West_7	<del>1 April</del> <u>1 July</u> 2013
(Waitarere and Papaitonga)	West_8	
Other coastal lakes	West_4	<del>1 April</del> <u>1 July</u> 2013
	West_5	
	West_6	
Coastal Rangitikei	Rang_4a	<del>1 April</del> <u>1 July</u> 2014
	Rang_4b	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> WTR 78 – 372/142



Catchment	Water Management <u>Sub-</u> Zone*	Date the rules of the Plan come into force
	Rang_4c Rang_4d <sup>20</sup>	
Mangawhero/Makotuku	Whau_3b Whau_3c Whau_3d	<del>1 April</del> <u>1 July</u> 2015
New land uses in all Water Management Zones* not specified above		1 July 2011

Maps of the Water Management Zones\* and Water Management Sub-zones\* are contained in Schedule Ba21 15

Table 13.2 sets out the maximum nitrogen leaching/run-off rate allowed for land\(^\) within the specified L\(^\) und\(^\) Uuse Ceapability Classes (LUC)\(^\) after the specified dates. The year 1 Period 1 date is the date from Table 13.1 for the particular Wwater Mmanagement Ssub-zone\* in which that land class is situated. The cumulative nitrogen leaching maximum for each year is specified in table 13.2 The following dates in the table are the number of years after the Year 1 date.

Land Use Capability Classes (LUC)\* Nitrogen Leaching/Run-off Values<sup>22</sup> **Table 13.2** 

Period when nitrogen leaching values apply.	LUC <u>I (1)</u>	LUC <u>II (2)</u>	LUC III (3)	LUC <u>IV (4)</u>	LUC <u>V (</u> 5)	LUC <u>VI (6)</u>	LUC <u>VII (</u> 7)	LUC VIII (8)
Period 1 this is the period from the date the relevant rule comes into force based in table 13.1 to the fifth anniversary after the rule comes into force. Year 1 (when rule_comes into force) (kg of N/ ha/year)	32	29	<del>22</del> - <u>25</u>	<del>16</del> - <u>19</u>	<del>13</del> <u>18</u>	<del>10</del> - <u>16</u>	6	2
Period 2 from the 5 <sup>th</sup> anniversary from the date the relevant rule comes into force based in table 13.1 to the 10 <sup>th</sup> anniversary after the rule comes into force. Year 5 (kg of N/ ha/year)	<del>27</del> <u>30</u>	<del>25</del> <u>28</u>	<del>21</del> <u>24</u>	<del>16</del> <u>18</u>	<del>13</del> <u>17</u>	<del>10</del> <u>15</u>	6	2
Period 3 from the 10 <sup>th</sup> anniversary from the date the relevant rule comes into force based in table 13.1 to the 15 <sup>th</sup> anniversary after the rule comes into force. Year 10	<del>26</del> <u>28</u>	<del>22</del> <u>26</u>	<del>19</del> <u>22</u>	<del>14</del> <u>17</u>	<del>13</del> <u>16</u>	<del>10</del> <u>14</u>	6	2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> WTR 79 – 398/49



Period when nitrogen leaching values apply.	LUC <u>I (</u> 1)	LUC <u>II (2)</u>	LUC III (3)	LUC <u>IV (4)</u>	LUC <u>V (</u> 5)	LUC <u>VI (6)</u>	LUC <u>VII (</u> 7 <u>)</u>	LUC <u>VIII (</u> 8)
(kg of N/ ha/year)								
Period 4 from the 15th anniversary from the date the	25	21	18	13	12	10	6	2
relevant rule comes into force based in table 13.1 to the								
20th anniversary after the rule comes into force. Year 20								
(kg of N/ ha/year)								



Rule <u>^</u>	Activity	Classification	Conditions/Standards/Terms	Control/Discretion Non-Notification
Dairy farming, cropping, market gardening and intensive sheep and beef farming, and associated activities <sup>23</sup>	From the dates specified in Table 13.1, the existing use of land in the water management zones specified in Table 13.1 and from the date this rule becomes operative, any new use of land, including conversion, in all water management zones in the Region for:  (a) dairy farming*  (b) cropping*  (c) market gardening*  (d) intensive sheep and beef farming* including any of the following activities associated with the above uses:  i. the taking and use of surface water  ii. the taking and use of not more than 50 m³/day/property* of groundwater  iii. the discharge of fertiliser* onto land and any consequential discharge of contaminants to air	Controlled	<ul> <li>(a) The use or activity is undertaken in accordance with a Farmer Applied Resource Management Strategy (FARM Strategy).</li> <li>(b) The FARM Strategy referred to in (a) shall be prepared to meet the requirements set out in The FARM Strategy Workbook (Horizons Regional Council, April 2007).</li> <li>(c) The FARM Strategy referred to in (a) shall be submitted to the council as part of the resource consent application required by this rule.</li> <li>When calculating the maximum nitrogen leaching/run off values allowed for the whole farm in accordance with preparing a FARM Strategy as required by (b), the values for each land use capability class (LUC) in Table 13.2 shall be used.</li> <li>If the activity involves the taking of more than 30 m² per day of surface water:</li> <li>(d) The taking and use of any surface water shall not be from rivers protected under Rule 15-7</li> <li>(e) Water shall only be taken when the river is at or above its minimum flow, as assessed in accordance with Schedule B</li> <li>(f) The amount of water taken, when assessed in combination with all other water takes within the same water management zone, shall not exceed the relevant core allocation set out for that water management zone in Schedule B</li> <li>(g) The amount of water taken, when assessed in combination with all other water takes within the same catchment, shall not exceed the cumulative allocation for each water management zone in the same catchment.</li> </ul>	Control is reserved over:  (a) the method of calculating the loss of nitrogen and phosphorus from a farm  (b) the level of compliance with The FARM Strategy Workbook (Horizons Regional Council, April 2007)  (c) effects on rare and threatened habitats* and at risk habitats*  (d) the preparation and implementation of a FARM Strategy for the purposes of meeting the requirements of this rule and the conditions of consent  (e) the method, location, volume and rate of water takes  (f) the review period of the FARM Strategy  (g) the provision of information to the regional council to demonstrate compliance with this rule  (h) duration of consent  (i) review of consent conditions  (j) compliance monitoring.  Resource consent applications under this rule will not be notified and written approval of affected persons will not be required (notice of applications need not be served on affected persons).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Changes to Rule 13-1 are as a result of recommendations in the End of Hearing report. Scope can be found in a number of submissions under the recommendation WTR 81 including (but not limited to) Fonterra Co-Operative Group Limited 398/1, 398/47, 398/48; Federated Farmers of New Zealand Inc 426/163, 426/164; Balance Agri-nutrients Limited 453/13, Royal Forest and Bird Protection Society of New Zealand 460/110 and Minister for the Environment 437/12.



Rule_	Activity	Classification	Conditions/Standards/Terms	Control/Discretion Non-Notification
	iv. the discharge of contaminants onto land from			
	a. the preparation, storage, use or transportation of stock feed on production land,			
	or b. the use of a feed pad and any			
	consequential discharge of contaminants to air			
	v. the discharge of grade A biosolids* and soil conditioners*			
	onto or into production land, and any consequential discharge of contaminants to air			
	vi. the discharge of contaminants onto or into production land associated with an			
	offal hole or farm dump, and any consequential discharge of			
	contaminants into air vii. any discharge of contaminants to land or water from farm animals associated			



Rule^	Activity	Classification	Conditions/Standards/Terms	Control/Discretion Non-Notification
	with the land use  a. effluent from dairy sheds and ancillary feed pads  b. effluent from existing piggeries  c. sludge from farm effluent ponds  d. poultry farm litter and effluent and any consequential discharge of contaminants into air.			
13-1a Existing dairy farming*, cropping*, commercial vegetable production * and intensive sheep and beef farming* in targeted catchments <sup>23</sup>	The existing* use of land^ pursuant to s9(2) RMA in the Water Management Sub- zones* specified in Table 13.1 for dairy farming* cropping*, commercial vegetable production * and intensive sheep and beef farming* and ancillary discharges of nutrients to land from farm animals pursuant to ss15(1), 15(2) or 15(2A) RMA except those controlled by Rule 13-2, 13-3, 13-4, 13-5 and 13-6.  Where an existing use of land for intensive farming* occurs in part on land within a targeted water management sub-zone*	Permitted	<ul> <li>(a) By the date specified in Table 13.1 the activity and any ancillary discharges carried out in accordance with permitted activity conditions or a resource consent must be operated in accordance with a nutrient management plan* that demonstrates that nitrogen leaching from the activity is occurring at a rate no greater than the cumulative nitrogen leaching maximum*.</li> <li>(b) The nutrient management plan* specified in (a) must be supplied to the Regional Council by 1 July every year.</li> <li>(c) By 1 July 2011 or by one year following the date this rule becomes operative (whichever is the earlier):         <ol> <li>(i) all livestock must be excluded from any proportion of any river within the property that is subject to this rule that is:</li> <li>1. permanently flowing or</li> <li>2. is intermittently flowing with an active bed* width greater than 1 metre (when measured as an averaged across the property) at any time</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	



Rule^	Activity	Classification	Conditions/Standards/Terms	Control/Discretion Non-Notification
	and in part outside a targeted water management subzone*, it is only regulated by this rule if at least 20% of the effective farming area* is within a targeted water management subzone*.		the bed contains water.  unless the access is required for stock to cross the river and condition (ii) and (iii) below are complied with.  (ii) all places where livestock regularly cross the rivers identified in condition (a) must be culverted or bridged and those culverts or bridges used by the livestock whenever they cross the specified river.  Regularly crossed means crossed by more than 1350 stock movements per week.  (iii) all livestock must be excluded from any wetland or lake that is a rare habitat* or threatened habitat*.  For the purposes of this rule livestock means cows, calves, heifers and bulls  For the purposes of this rule excluded means stock must be denied access to the specified river, lake or wetland by  (a) any permanent or temporary fence, or any natural barrier	Non-Notification
13-1b Existing* dairy farming*, cropping*, commercial vegetable production * and intensive sheep and beef farming* together with their associated activities in targeted catchments that do not comply with one or more of the conditions in Rule 13- 1a 23	The existing* use of land^ pursuant to s9(2) RMA in the Water Management Sub- zones* specified in Table 13.1 for dairy farming* cropping*, commercial vegetable production * and intensive sheep and beef farming* from the date for each water management sub-zone* specified in Table 13.1 that do not comply with one or more of the conditions in Rule 13-1a together with any of the following activities associated with the above uses:	Controlled	Information requirement  The applicant must:  (a) identify the land use capability class* of all land on which the activity to which this rule relates occurs;  (b) identify the cumulative nitrogen leaching maximum* for all the land on which the activity occurs;  (c) provide a nutrient management plan* that identifies:  (i) the nitrogen leaching from the activity and compares this to the cumulative nitrogen leaching maximum; and  (ii) where the nitrogen leaching is greater than the cumulative nitrogen leaching maximum identifies any management practices that will reduce the nitrogen leaching a rate to at or below the cumulative nitrogen leaching maximum.	Control is reserved over:  (a) the method of calculating the loss of nitrogen from the activity.  (b) management practices to reduce nitrogen, phosphorus, faecal contamination and sediment losses from the activity  (c) effects on rare habitats, threatened habitats and at risk habitats and management of these effects  (d) any measures required to exclude stock from waterbodies*  (e) the effect of odour, dust, waste or fertiliser drift or spray drift  (f) the maximum rate, timing and annual volume of nitrogen application from all sources



Rule <u>^</u>	Activity	Classification	Conditions/Standards/Terms	Control/Discretion
	viii. the discharge^ of fertiliser* onto land^ pursuant to ss15(1), 15(2) or 15(2A) RMA and any consequential discharge^ of contaminants^ to air pursuant to ss15(2) or 15(2A) RMA  ix. the discharge^ of contaminants^ onto land^ pursuant to ss15(1), 15(2) or 15(2A) RMA from  a. the preparation, storage, use or transportation of stock feed on production land^, or			(g) any environmental compensation to offset losses of nitrogen, phosphorous, faecal contamination and sediment which cannot be mitigated by on-site management measures  (h) the provision of information to the Regional Council to demonstrate compliance with the consent  (i) duration of consent  (j) review of consent conditions  (k) compliance monitoring  Resource consent applications under this rule will not be notified and written approval of affected persons will not be required (notice of applications need not be served on affected persons)
	b. the use of a feed  pad and any consequential discharge^ of contaminants^ to air pursuant to ss15(2) or 15(2A) RMA  x. the discharge^ of grade A biosolids* and soil conditioners* onto or into production land^ pursuant to ss15(1), 15(2) or 15(2A) RMA,			



Rule^	Activity	Classification	Conditions/Standards/Terms	Control/Discretion Non-Notification
Rule_	and any consequential discharge^ of contaminants^ to air pursuant to ss15(2) or 15(2A) RMA  xi. any discharge^ of contaminants^ to land^ pursuant to ss15(1), 15(2) or 15(2A) RMA or water^ pursuant to s15(1) RMA from farm animals associated with the land^ use including: a. effluent from dairy sheds and ancillary feed pads  b. effluent from existing piggeries	Classification	Conditions/Standards/Terms	
	c. sludge from farm effluent ponds poultry farm litter and effluent and any consequential discharge* of contaminants* into air pursuant to ss15(2) or 15(2A) RMA.  and any ancillary discharges of nutrients to land from animals pursuant to ss15(1), 15(2) or 15(2A) RMA.			



Rule^	Activity	Classification	Conditions/Standards/Terms	Control/Discretion Non-Notification
<u>13-1c</u>	Where an existing use of land for intensive farming *occurs in part on land within a targeted water management sub-zone* and in part outside a targeted water management subzone*, it is only regulated by this rule if at least 20% of the effective farming area* is within the targeted water management subzone*.  The new use of land^* pursuant	Controlled	(a) The activity and any ancillary discharges carried out in	Control is reserved over:
New dairy farming*, cropping*, commercial vegetable production * and intensive sheep and beef farming* together with their associated activities <sup>23</sup>	to s9(2) RMA for dairy farming* cropping*, commercial vegetable production* and intensive sheep and beef farming* from 1 July 2011 together with any of the following activities associated with the above uses:  xii. the discharge^ of fertiliser* onto land^ pursuant to ss15(1), 15(2) or 15(2A) RMA and any consequential discharge^ of contaminants^ to air pursuant to ss15(2) or 15(2A) RMA  xiii. the discharge^ of contaminants^ to onto land^ pursuant to ss15(1), 15(2) or 15(2A) RMA from a. the preparation,	<u></u>	accordance with permitted activity conditions or a resource consent must not result in nitrogen leaching from the land exceeding the cumulative nitrogen leaching maximum.  (b) By 1 July 2011 or by two years following the date this rule becomes operative (whichever is the earlier):  (i) all livestock must be excluded from any proportion of any river within the property that is subject to this rule that is:  1. permanently flowing or  2. is intermittently flowing with an active bed* width greater than 1 metre (when measured as an averaged across the property) at any time the bed contains water.  unless the access is required for stock to cross the river and condition ii) below is complied with.  (ii) all places where livestock regularly cross the rivers identified in condition (a) must be culverted or bridged and those culverts or bridges used by the livestock whenever they cross the specified river.  Regularly crossed means crossed by more than 1350 stock movements per week.	(a) the method of calculating the loss of nitrogen from the activity.  (b) Management practices to reduce nitrogen, phosphorus, faecal contamination and sediment losses from the activity  (c) effects on rare habitats, threatened habitats and at risk habitats and management of these effects  (d) any measures required to exclude stock from waterbodies*  (e) the effect of odour, dust, waste or fertiliser drift or spray drift  (f) the maximum rate, timing and annual volume of nitrogen application from all sources  (g) any environmental compensation to offset losses of nitrogen, phosphorous, faecal contamination and sediment which cannot be mitigated by on-site management measures  (h) the provision of information to the Regional Council to demonstrate compliance with the consent  (i) duration of consent  (j) review of consent conditions



Rule^	Activity	Classification	Conditions/Standards/Terms	Control/Discretion Non-Notification
	storage, use or transportation of stock feed on		(iii) <u>all livestock must be excluded from any wetland or lake that is a rare habitat* or threatened habitat*.</u>	(k) compliance monitoring
	production land^, or b. the use of a feed		For the purposes of this rule <i>livestock</i> means cows, calves, heifers and bulls	Resource consent applications under this rule will not be notified and written approval of affected persons will not be required (notice of applications need not be served on affected persons)
	pad and any consequential discharge of contaminants to air pursuant to ss15(2) or 15(2A) RMA		For the purposes of this rule excluded means stock must be denied access to the specified river, lake or wetland by  (a) any permanent or temporary fence, or any natural barrier	•
	xiv. the discharge of grade A biosolids and soil conditioners			
	onto or into production land^ pursuant to ss15(1), 15(2) or 15(2A) RMA, and any consequential discharge^ of contaminants^ to air pursuant to ss15(2)			
	or 15(2A) RMA  xv. any discharge^ of contaminants^ to land^ pursuant to ss15(1), 15(2) or 15(2A) RMA or			
	water^ pursuant to s15(1) RMA from farm animals associated with the land^ use including: a. effluent from			



Rule^	Activity	Classification	Conditions/Standards/Terms	Control/Discretion Non-Notification
	dairy sheds and ancillary feed pads  b. effluent from existing piggeries  c. sludge from farm effluent ponds  poultry farm litter and effluent and any consequential discharge^ of contaminants^ into air pursuant to ss15(2) or 15(2A) RMA.  and ancillary discharges of nutrients to land from animals pursuant to ss15(1), 15(2) or 15(2A) RMA.			
13-1d New dairy farming*, cropping*, commercial vegetable production * and intensive sheep and beef farming* together with their associated activities that does not comply with one or more of the conditions specified in Rule 13- 1c 23	The new use of land^* pursuant to s9(2) RMA for dairy farming* cropping*, commercial vegetable production* and intensive sheep and beef farming* from 1 July 2011 together with any of the following activities associated with the above uses:  i. the discharge^ of fertiliser* onto land^ pursuant to ss15(1), 15(2) or 15(2A) RMA and any consequential discharge^ of contaminants^ to air pursuant to ss15(2)	Non-complying	Information requirement The applicant must:  (a) identify the land use capability classes of all land on which the activity to which this rule relates occurs;  (b) identify the cumulative nitrogen leaching maximum for all the land on which the activity occurs;  (c) provide a nutrient management plan* that identifies:  (i) the nitrogen leaching from the activity and compares this to the cumulative nitrogen leaching maximum; and  (ii) where the nitrogen leaching is greater than the cumulative nitrogen leaching maximum identifies any management practices that will reduce the nitrogen leaching to at or below the cumulative nitrogen leaching maximum.	



Rule^	Activity	Classification	Conditions/Standards/Terms	Control/Discretion Non-Notification
	or 15(2A) RMA  ii. the discharge^ of contaminants^ onto land^ pursuant to ss15(1), 15(2) or 15(2A) RMA from			
	d. the preparation, storage, use or transportation of stock feed on production land^, or			
	e. the use of a feed pad and any consequential discharge of contaminants to air pursuant to ss15(2) or 15(2A) RMA			
	iii. the discharge^ of grade A biosolids* and soil conditioners* onto or into production land^ pursuant to ss15(1), 15(2) or 15(2A) RMA, and any			
	consequential discharge^ of contaminants^ to air pursuant to ss15(2) or 15(2A) RMA  iv. any discharge^ of contaminants^ to			



Rule <u>^</u>	Activity	Classification	Conditions/Standards/Terms	Control/Discretion Non-Notification
	ss15(1), 15(2) or 15(2A) RMA or water^ pursuant to s15(1) RMA from farm animals associated with the land^ use including:  f. effluent from dairy sheds and ancillary feed pads  g. effluent from existing piggeries  h. sludge from farm effluent ponds poultry farm litter and effluent and any consequential discharge^ of contaminants^ into air pursuant to ss15(2) or 15(2A) RMA.  and ancillary discharges of nutrients to land from animals pursuant to ss15(1), 15(2) or 15(2A) RMA.			
13-2 Fertiliser <u>*</u>	The discharge_of fertiliser* onto or into land_pursuant to ss15(1), 15(2) or 15(2A) 4 and any consequential ancillary4 discharge_of contaminants^ into air pursuant to ss15(2) or 15(2A) RMA4, except where the discharge_is undertaken in	Permitted	<ul> <li>(a) There shall must<sup>4</sup> be no direct discharge<sup>^</sup> of fertiliser* into any water_body<sup>*</sup> including groundwater.</li> <li>(b) There shall must<sup>4</sup> be no discharge<sup>^</sup> onto or into any rare habitat<sup>*</sup>, or threatened habitat<sup>*</sup> or at-risk habitat<sup>*</sup>, except for the purpose of enhancing such habitats.</li> <li>(c) The fertiliser<sup>*</sup> shall must<sup>4</sup> be applied in accordance with the Code of Practice for Fertiliser Use Nutrient</li> </ul>	



Rule^	Activity	Classification	Conditions/Standards/Terms	Control/Discretion
	association with a use of land^controlled by Rules 13-1b, 13-1c or 13-1d.		Management (New Zealand Fertiliser Manufacturers' Research Association, 20027),²⁴ except where the fertiliser* is being applied for domestic purposes, meaning the garden associated with a household.²⁵  (d) Where nitrogen fertiliser* is applied onto or into land^:  (i) in excess of an application rate of 60kgN/ha/year across the whole farm, or  (ii) in excess of an application rate of 200 kgN/ha/year to an individual block on a farm²⁶  an annual²⁶ nutrient budget, which takes into account all other sources of nitrogen and which is designed to minimise nitrogen leaching rates, shall must⁴ be used to plan and carry out the fertiliser* application and be made available to the Regional Council upon request.²⁶  (iii) if a nutrient management plan* is required under Rule 13-1a then the nutrient management budget required by this condition must be consistent with it and the activity must be carried out in accordance with it.  (e) The discharge^shall must⁴ not result in any offensive or² objectionable odour or fertiliser* drift to the extent that causes an adverse effect² beyond the property* boundary.  (f) For aerial discharges^, all reasonable measures must be taken to prevent:  (i) Any discharge^ within 10m of the bed^ of a river^ that is permanently flowing or has an active bed* width greater than 2m, or any lake^ or wetland^ which has an area of 1 h.a. or more  (ii) Any adverse effects^ on a rare habitat*, threatened habitat* or at risk habitat*.	Non-Notification

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> WTR 82 – 415/19. <sup>25</sup> WTR 82 – 356/53. <sup>26</sup> WTR 82 – 415/20.



Rule <u>^</u>	Activity	Classification	Conditions/Standards/Terms	Control/Discretion Non-Notification
13-3 Stock feed including feed pads	The discharge_of contaminants_onto or into land_pursuant to ss15(1), 15(2) or 15(2A) RMA4 from:  (a) the preparation, storage, use or transportation of stock feed on production land_o, or  (b) the use of a feed pad* and any consequential ancillary4 discharge_of contaminants_onto air pursuant to ss15(2) or 15(2A) RMA4, except where the discharge_is undertaken in association with	Permitted	Under condition (i) "reasonable measures" include the use of GPS technology, positive air flow indicators on boundaries and direct boundary supervision by qualified personnel. <sup>27</sup> (a) All areas used for storing stock feed, excluding farm silage storage pits that have an area less than 500 m², or for feed pads, shall be sealed so as to restrict seepage of effluent. The permeability of the sealing layer shall not exceed 1x10° m/s. Farm silage storage pits with an area greater than 500 m² per property* and all feedpads* must be sealed so that no contaminant^ is discharged to land except through sealing layers with a permeability of not more than 1x10.9 28  (b) All areas used for storing stock feed, for feedpads* or for otherwise feeding stock (including feeding silage) shall must be located and/or managed in a manner that ensures at all times when such areas are in use:  (i) run-off from the area into surface-water bodies* or artificial watercourses* is prevented	
	a use of <i>land</i> <sup>^</sup> controlled by Rule <u>s 13-1b, 13-1c or 13-1d</u> .		<ul> <li>(ii) run-off from the surrounding catchment is prevented from entering the area.</li> <li>(c) All areas used for storing stock feed, for feedpads* or for otherwise feeding stock (including feeding silage) shall must4 comply with the following separation distances: <ul> <li>(i) 50 m from rare habitats*, 29 and threatened habitats* and at-risk habitats*</li> <li>(ii) 20 m from bores*, surface water_bodies*, artificial watercourses*, and the Ceoastal Mmarine Aarea^1</li> <li>(iii) 50 m from any archaeological site, waahi tapu or koiwi remains historic heritage^ as identified in any district plan^ or regional plan^ schedule or database or proposed plan^, in the New Zealand</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	



WTR 82 – 415/18.
WTR 83 – 182/42 and "Report on Scope for Water Chapter Recommendations" Clause (ii).
Consequential change as a result of the preliminarily determinations.

Rule^	Activity	Classification	Conditions/Standards/Terms	Control/Discretion Non-Notification
			Archaeological Association's Site Recording Scheme, or by the Historic Places Trust except where Historic Places Trust approval has been obtained. <sup>54</sup>	
			(d) All <u>farm animal</u> <u>effluent</u> collected from <u>feedpads</u> * <del>shall</del> <u>must</u> <sup>4</sup> be treated and <u>discharged</u> in accordance with Rule 13-6.	
			(e) The discharge shall must not result in any offensive or objectionable odour, dust or spray drift beyond the property boundary.	
13-4 <u>Grade Aa Bb</u> iosolids* and or 2soil conditioners*	The discharge_ of grade Aa biosolids* and or² soil conditioners* onto or into² production land/ pursuant to ss15(1), 15(2) or 15(2A) RMA⁴, and any consequential ancillary⁴_discharge_ of contaminants_ into air pursuant to ss15(2) or 15(2A) RMA⁴, except where the discharge_ is undertaken in association with a use of land/ controlled by Rules 13-1b, 13-1c or 13-1d.	Permitted	<ul> <li>(a) There shall must<sup>4</sup> be no direct discharge<sup>^</sup> into any water_body<sup>*</sup> or artificial watercourse*.<sup>2</sup></li> <li>(b) There shall must<sup>4</sup> be no ponding of material on the soil surface for more than five hours following the application discharge<sup>^2</sup>, or any run-off into a surface water_body<sup>*</sup> or artificial watercourse*<sup>2</sup></li> <li>(c) For soil conditioners*<sup>2</sup> †the material shall must<sup>4</sup> not contain any human or animal pathogens, or any hazardous substances<sup>^2</sup>.</li> <li>(ca) For grade Aa biosolids* the discharge<sup>^2</sup> must comply with the requirements for grade Aa biosolids* as included with Chapters 4 and 7 of Volume 1 and Chapters 8 (including monitoring requirements) and 9 of Volume 2 of the Guidelines for the Safe Application of Biosollds to Land in New Zealand (New Zealand Water and Waste Association, August 2003)<sup>30</sup></li> <li>(d) The discharge<sup>^</sup> shall must<sup>4</sup> comply with the following separation distances:  (i) 150 m from residences, marae, schools, public buildings and public recreation areas<sup>31</sup></li> <li>(ii) 50 m from property* boundaries<sup>31</sup></li> </ul>	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> WTR 84 – 287/15. <sup>31</sup> WTR 84 – 357/122.



Rule^	Activity	Classification	Conditions/Standards/Terms	Control/Discretion Non-Notification
			and at-risk habitats*  (iv) 20 m from bores*, surface-water_bodies*, artificial watercourses*, 2 and the Ceoastal Mmarine Aarea^1  (v) 50 m from any archaeological site, waahi tapu or koiwi remains historic heritage^ as identified in any district plan^ or regional plan^ schedule or database or proposed plan^. in the New Zealand Archaeological Association's Site Recording Scheme, or by the Historic Places Trust except where Historic Places Trust approval has been obtained. 54  (e) A nutrient budget, which takes into account all other sources of nitrogen and which is designed to minimise nitrogen leaching rates, shall must 4 be used to plan and	
			<ul> <li>carry out the grade Aa biosolids* or soil conditioner*         application discharge^.²</li> <li>(i) The discharge^ shall must⁴ not result in any offensive or² objectionable odour, dust or spray driff* or any spray driff* beyond the property* boundary.</li> <li>(ii) The discharger shall must⁴ keep the following records:</li> </ul>	
			<ul> <li>a. a daily record of the discharge_volume and location</li> <li>b. a monthly (or more frequent) analysis of the nitrogen concentration of a discharge_sample and make these records available to the Regional Council upon request.</li> <li>(iii) if a nutrient management plan* is required under Rule 13-1a then the nutrient management budget required by this condition must be consistent with it and the activity must be carried out in accordance with it.</li> </ul>	



Rule^	Activity	Classification	Conditions/Standards/Terms	Control/Discretion Non-Notification
13-4a <sup>32</sup> Grade Ab, Ba or Bb biosolids*	The discharge^ of grade Ab, Ba or Bb biosolids* onto or into production land^ pursuant to ss15(1), 15(2) or 15(2A) RMA, and any ancillary discharge^ of contaminants^ into air pursuant to s15(2) or 15(2A) RMA.	Restricted Discretionary	<ul> <li>(a) There must be no direct discharge^ into any water_body* or artificial watercourse*.</li> <li>(b) There must be no ponding of material on the soil surface for more than five hours following the discharge^, or any run-off into a water_body* or artificial watercourse*.</li> <li>(c) The material must have undergone stabilisation processes to achieve at least B grade as given by the Guidelines for the Safe Application of Biosolids to Land in New Zealand (New Zealand Water and Waste Association, August 2003). Hazardous substances* must not exceed b grade limits as given by the Guidelines for the Safe Application of Biosolids to Land in New Zealand (New Zealand Water and Waste Association, August 2003).</li> <li>(d) The discharge^ must comply with the following separation distances: <ul> <li>(i) 150 m from residences, marae, schools, public buildings and public recreation areas</li> <li>(ii) 50 m from property* boundaries</li> <li>(iii) 50 m from property* boundaries</li> <li>(iii) 50 m from bores*, surface water_bodies*, artificial watercourses*, and the Coastal Marine Area^</li> <li>(v) 50 m from historic heritage^ as identified in any district plan^ or regional plan^ schedule or database or proposed plan^.</li> </ul> </li> <li>(e) A nutrient budget, which takes into account all other sources of nitrogen and which is designed to minimise nitrogen leaching rates, must be used to plan and carry out the biosolids* or soil conditioner* discharge^.</li> <li>(f) The discharge^ must not result in any offensive or objectionable odour, dust or spray driff* beyond the property* boundary.</li> </ul>	Discretion is reserved over:  (a) The rate of discharge^ and frequency of discharge^ to control nutrient and contaminant loading rates  (b) Maintenance* of vegetative cover  (c) Odour management  (d) Effects on rare habitats*, threatened habitats* and at risk habitats*  (e) Contingency measures  (f) Monitoring and information requirements  (g) Duration of consent  (h) Review of consent conditions, and  (i) Compliance monitoring.

WTR 84 – Addition of this new rule as a consequence of evidence to the hearing in relation to 287/15.



Rule <u>^</u>	Activity	Classification	Conditions/Standards/Terms	Control/Discretion Non-Notification
13-5 Offal holes and farm dumps	The discharge_ of contaminants_ onto or into production land_ pursuant to ss15(1), 15(2) or 15(2A) RMA4 associated with an offal hole or farm dump, and any consequential ancillary4 discharge_ of contaminants_ into air pursuant to ss15(2) or 15(2A) RMA. 4, except where the discharge is undertaken in association with a use of land controlled by Rule 13-1.33	Permitted	<ul> <li>(a) Only dead animal matter* and organic waste*, which that is sourced from the property* on which the offal hole of or farm dump is located, shall be disposed of may be placed in the offal hole or farm dump.²</li> <li>(b) The waste* shall must4 not contain any hazardous substances^ or sewage.</li> <li>(c) There shall must4 be no discharge^ into any water_body*.</li> <li>(d) The lowest point of the offal hole or farm dump shall must4 be at least 1 m above the seasonally highest water^ table.</li> <li>(e) The offal hole or farm dump shall must4 comply with the following separation distances: <ul> <li>(i) 150 m from residences, marae, schools, public buildings and public recreation areas</li> <li>(ii) 10 m from property* boundaries</li> <li>(iii) 50 m from rare habitats* and at-risk habitats*</li> <li>(iv) 100 20 m from bores*, surface water_bodies*, artificial watercourses*, 34 and the Geoastal Mmarine Aarea^</li> <li>(v) 10 m from the first floodplain terrace of rivers_45</li> <li>(vi) 50 m from any archaeological site, waahi tapu or koiwi remains historic heritage^ as identified in any district plan^ or regional plan^ schedule or database or proposed plan^. in the New Zealand Archaeological Association's Site Recording Scheme, or by the Historic Places Trust except where Historic Places Trust approval has been obtained.54</li> </ul> </li> <li>(f) Measures shall must4 be used-as necessary2 to</li> </ul>	

Consequential changes as a result of changes to Rule 13-1.
WTR 85 – 182/45.
WTR 85 – 182/48.



Rule^	Activity	Classification	Conditions/Standards/Terms	Control/Discretion Non-Notification
13-6 Farm animal effluent* including effluent from³6 dairy sheds, poultry farms and	The discharge_ of farm animal effluent* onto or into² production land* pursuant to ss15(1), 15(2) or 15(2A) RMA⁴ including:	Controlled	reasonably minimise animal pests from entering the offal hole or farm dump.  (g) There shall must <sup>4</sup> be no offensive or objectionable <sup>2</sup> odour, dust, waste* or spray driff* to the extent that causes an adverse effect <sup>2</sup> beyond the property* boundary.  (a) There shall must <sup>4</sup> be no discharge* of effluent into a water_body* or artificial watercourse* <sup>2</sup> , from effluent holding facilities.  (b) All effluent storage and treatment facilities (including sumps and ponds) newly established or extended	Control is reserved over:  (a) Amount of effluent per discharge_and timing and frequency of discharge_(including the rate of discharge_, infiltration rates, soil depth for discharge_, soil water deficits for
existing piggeries	<ul> <li>(a) effluent from dairy sheds and feed pads</li> <li>(b) effluent from existing piggeries</li> <li>(c) sludge from farm effluent ponds</li> <li>(d) poultry farm litter and effluent</li> <li>and any consequential ancillary<sup>4</sup> discharge<sup>6</sup> of contaminants<sup>6</sup> into air pursuant to ss15(2) or 15(2A) RMA<sup>4</sup>, except where the discharge<sup>6</sup> is undertaken in association with a use of land<sup>6</sup> controlled by Rules 13-1b, 13-1c or 13-1d.</li> <li>This rule<sup>6</sup> does not apply to discharges<sup>6</sup> from new piggeries.</li> </ul>		(including deepening) from the date this Rule' is made operative') <sup>37</sup> -shall must <sup>4</sup> be sealed so as to restrict seepage of effluent. The permeability of the sealing layer shall must <sup>4</sup> not exceed 1x10-9 m/s.  (c) The discharge_ shall must <sup>4</sup> comply with the following separation distances:  (i) for discharges_ of piggery effluent, 150 m from residences, marae, schools, public buildings and public recreation areas  (ii) for other discharges_, 20 m from residences, marae, schools, public buildings, and public recreation areas  (iii) for all discharges_, 50 m from rare habitats*  (iv) for all discharges_, 20 m from bores_, surface water_bodies*, artificial watercourses* <sup>2</sup> , public roads_ and the Ceoastal Mmarine Aerea_1  (v) for all discharges_, 50 m from any archaeological	discharge^, maximum nitrogen loading and best management practices to minimise nutrient loss) <sup>40</sup> (b) Measures to manage the ponding of effluent on the discharge_area  (c) Maintenance* of vegetative cover  (d) Odour management  (e) Effects on rare habitats*, <sup>29</sup> and threatened habitats* and at_risk habitats*  (f) Contingency measures, including but not limited to effluent storage, 41 for events of mechanical failure and prolonged wet weather  (g) Duration of consent  (h) Review of consent conditions_, and  (i) Compliance monitoring.



<sup>36</sup> WTR 86 – 180/68.
37 WTR 86 – 182/47.
38 WTR 86 – 353/20.
39 Clause (e) has been shifted within rule 13-6 to become clause (g).
40 WTR 86 – 409/36.
41 WTR 86 – 182/50.

Rule^	Activity	Classification	Conditions/Standards/Terms	Control/Discretion Non-Notification
			site, waahi tapu or koiwi remains historic heritage^ as identified in any district plan^ or regional plan^ schedule or database or proposed plan^. in the New Zealand Archaeological Association's Site Recording Scheme, or by the Historic Places Trust except where Historic Places Trust approval has been obtained.5438	Resource consent_ applications under this <u>FRule</u> ^ will not be notified and written approval of affected persons will not be required (notice of applications need not be served on affected persons).
			<ul> <li>(d) Stormwater from ancillary roof areas or hardstand areas, which that¹ does not contain farm animal effluent*, shall must⁴ not discharge^ to the effluent storage facility.</li> <li>(e) A nutrient budget, which takes into account all other sources of nitrogen and which is designed to minimise</li> </ul>	
			nitrogen leaching rates, shall be used to plan and carry out the animal effluent application. <sup>39</sup>	
			(f) There shall must <sup>4</sup> be no offensive or 36 objectionable odour, dust, waste* or spray driff* to the extent that causes an adverse effect beyond the property* boundary.	
			Information requirement  (q) An annual nutrient budget, which takes into account all	
			(g) An annual nutrient budget, which takes into account all other sources of nitrogen and which is designed to minimise nitrogen leaching rates, shall must be used to plan and carry out the animal effluent* application.40	
			(h) <u>if a nutrient management plan is required under Rule 13-1a then the nutrient management must be consistent with it.</u>	
13-7 Effluent from new piggeries	The discharge_ of effluent from new piggeries onto or into2 production land_ pursuant to ss15(1), 15(2) or 15(2A) RMA4, and any consequential ancillary4_discharge_ of contaminants_ into air pursuant to ss15(2) or 15(2A) RMA4.	Discretionary		



Rule <u>^</u>	Activity	Classification	Conditions/Standards/Terms	Control/Discretion Non-Notification
13-8 Agricultural land_ uses not covered by other rules_	Agricultural land_uses not regulated by Rules_13-1a, 13- 1b, 13-1c or 13-1d or any rules_in Chapter 12 (including any discharge_of contaminants_onto_or into land_pursuant to ss15(1), 15(2) or 15(2A) RMA or water_from farm animals associated with the land_use).  For the avoidance of doubt this rule_applies to:  (a) agricultural land_use types not regulated by Rules_13-1a, 13-1b, 13-1c or 13-1d in all areas  (b) existing agricultural land_uses that are regulated by Rule 13-1 but are not in Mwater Mmanagement Ssub_zones_20 that are specified in Rules_13-1a, 13-1b, 13-1c or 13-1d  (c) agricultural land_use types that are regulated by Rules_13-1a, 13-1b, 13-1c or 13-1d  (d) agricultural land_use types that are regulated by Rules_13-1a, 13-1b, 13-1c or 13-1d before the date the rule_comes into force.	Permitted		

#### Rule^ Guide:

Activities in rare <u>habitats</u>\*, <sup>29</sup> and threatened habitats\* and at-risk habitats\* are regulated by Rules 12-7 and 12-8. Agricultural activities at other locations are regulated as follows:

- (a) Discharges\_not covered by rules\_ Agricultural discharges\_ pursuant to ss15(1), 15(2) or 15(2A) RMA<sup>4</sup> that are not covered by the rules\_ above are a discretionary activity\_ under Rule 13-27.
- (b) Activities that do not comply Activities <u>pursuant to ss 9(2), 15(1), 15(2) or 15(2A) RMA</u><sup>4</sup> that do not comply with the <u>permitted activity</u> or <u>controlled activity</u> above are a <u>discretionary activity</u> under general Rule 13-27.



#### 13.3 Rules\_ - Discharges\_ of Water\_

Rule <u>^</u>	Activity	Classification	Conditions/Standards/Terms	Control/Discretion Non-Notification
13-9 Discharges_of water_into water_2	The discharge_ of water_ into water_ pursuant to s15(1) RMA <sup>4</sup> (excluding drainage water_ which is regulated by Rules 15-9 and 15-10) and the discharge of water into water that is part of the normal operation of a dam which is regulated by Rules 16-8 and 16-9.42	Permitted	<ul> <li>(a) The discharge shall must not cause or exacerbate the flooding of any neighbouring property.</li> <li>(b) The discharge shall must not cause any scouring or erosion of any land or water body beyond the point of discharge.</li> <li>(c) The discharge shall must not alter the natural course of any water body.</li> <li>(d) The discharge shall must not be to any wetland which is considered a rare habitat or threatened habitat as identified in Schedule E (discharges into these areas are controlled as non-complying activities under Rule 12-28)<sup>43</sup>.</li> <li>(e) The discharge shall must not, after reasonable mixing, change the natural temperature of the receiving water by more than the maximum temperature or temperature change specified by the quality standards for the Wwater Mmanagement Ssub-zone 20listed in Schedule D.</li> </ul>	

Rule^ Guide:

Activities that do not comply – Discharges of water pursuant to s15(1) RMA that do not comply with the permitted activity rule above are a discretionary activity under Rule 13-27.

WTR 89 – 268/34. WTR 89 – 440/90.



#### Rules^ - Sewage Human effluent and domestic wastewater\*2 13.4

Rule^	Activity	Classification	Conditions/Standards/Terms	Control/Discretion Non-Notification
13-10 Existing discharges_ of domestic wastewater*	The discharge_ of domestic wastewater* into or onto or into² land_ pursuant to ss15(1), 15(2) or 15(2A) RMA⁴ from an on-site wastewater treatment and disposal land^ application system and any ancillary discharge^ of contaminants^ into air pursuant to ss15(2) or 15(2A) RMA² lawfully in existence at the time that this fRule_ comes into effect becomes operative^.  New and upgraded discharges^ of domestic wastewater^ are controlled by Rule 13-11.²	Permitted	<ul> <li>(a) The design flow as specified in Section 3 of the Manual for On-site Wastewater Systems – Design and Management (Horizons Regional Council 2009), <sup>44</sup>shall must<sup>4</sup> be no greater than 2 m³/d (2,000 litres per day).<sup>2</sup></li> <li>(b) The flow allowance used to calculate the system design flow shall must be no less than 145 litres per person per day where the water supply is provided by roof water collection, or 180 litres per person per day for other sources of water supply.</li> <li>(c) The discharge^ shall must<sup>4</sup> consist only of contaminants^ normally associated with domestic sewage and greywater.</li> <li>(d) There shall must<sup>4</sup> be no direct discharge^ of wastewater to groundwater.</li> <li>(e) The discharge^ shall must<sup>4</sup> comply with the following separation distances: <ul> <li>(i) at least 320 m from any bore* used for drinking water supply.<sup>2</sup></li> <li>(ii) at least 20 m from any river, lake, natural wetland water body* or artificial watercourse*, or the Ceoastal Mmarine Aarea^.¹</li> </ul> </li> <li>(f) The discharge^ shall must 4not cause any offensive or objectionable odour to the extent that causes an adverse effect²-beyond the property* boundary.</li> <li>(g) There shall must<sup>4</sup> be no increase in the concentration of pathogenic organisms in any surface² water_body* as a result of the discharge^.</li> <li>(h) The wastewater treatment and disposal system shall</li> </ul>	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>44</sup> WTR 92 – 182/57. <sup>45</sup> WTR 91 - 182/52.



Rule <u>^</u>	Activity	Classification	Conditions/Standards/Terms  must <sup>4</sup> be maintained by a manufacturer approved contractor in accordance with the supplier's specifications or the requirements of the Manual for On-Site Wastewater Systems - Design and Management (Horizons Regional Council, 2009), whichever are the more stringent. All records of each maintenance* action must be retained and made available for inspection by the Regional Council or its agents upon request. in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. A schedule of maintenance shall be kept, and this schedule shall be available for inspection by the regional council upon request. 45	Control/Discretion Non-Notification
13-11 New and upgraded discharges of domestic wastewater*	The discharge_ of domestic wastewater* into or onto or into² land_ pursuant to ss15(1), 15(2) or 15(2A) RMA and any ancillary discharge^ of contaminants^ into air pursuant to ss15(2) or 15(2A) RMA⁴ from an new or upgraded on-site wastewater treatment and disposal land^ application² system which either:  (a) is newly established after this rRule^ becomes operative_, or  (b) involves the upgrade_ of a system that existed at the time that prior to this rRule^ becomes operative^ coming into effect.²	Permitted	<ul> <li>(a) The activity shall must<sup>4</sup> comply with conditions<sup>^</sup> (a) to (g) of Rule 13-10.</li> <li>(b) All aspects of the wastewater treatment and disposal land<sup>^</sup> application<sup>2</sup> system, including soil assessment<sup>2</sup>, design, installation and operation, shall must<sup>4</sup> be in accordance with the "Manual for On-site Wastewater Systems – Design and Management" (Horizons Regional Council, 20069)<sup>45</sup></li> <li>(c) Where the property* within which the discharge^ occurs is 10 ha or greater: <ol> <li>(i) septic tanks shall must<sup>4</sup> be fitted with effluent outlet filters, unless the equivalent level of treatment is provided within an aerobic secondary or advanced secondary wastewater<sup>2</sup> treatment system</li> <li>(ii) the areal loading rate within the wastewater disposal field land<sup>^</sup> application area shall must<sup>4</sup> be no greater than 5 mm/d (5 litres per m<sup>2</sup> per day) the least conservative rate provided in Tables 6.2, 6.6, 6.8 and 6.10 of the Manual for On-site Wastewater Systems – Design and Management" (Horizons Regional Council, 2009).</li> <li>(d) Where the property* within which the discharge^ occurs</li> </ol></li></ul>	

<sup>-</sup>

WTR 92 – Substantial reworking of clauses (d) to (h) as a result of submissions and evidence from submitters 182, 287 and 414.

Rule^	Activity	Classification	Conditions/Standards/Terms	Control/Discretion Non-Notification
			is less than 10 ha but greater than 4ha:  (i) the property_shall cover an area of at least either 5000 m² for properties created by subdivision after this rule comes into effect, or 2500 m² for properties that existed prior to this rule coming into effect	
			(ii) the treatment system shall must be either include secondary treatment which shall must achieve, as a minimum, the following discharge quality standards: 20 g/m³ Biochemical Oxygen Demand and 30 g/m³ Suspended Solids, and 3045 g/m³ Total Nitrogen or an improved primary septic tank and outlet filter.	
			(iia) The land^ application system must be via pumping to dose load pressure compensating dripper irrigation lines for secondary or advanced secondary treated effluent and shallow low pressure effluent distribution trenches for primary treated effluent or lesser rate in accordance with that prescribed in Table 6.2 in the Manual for Onsite Wastewater Systems – Design and Management (Horizons Regional Council, 2009).	
			(iii) The areal loading rate within the wastewater land application area disposal field shall must be no greater than 35 mm/d (35 litres per m² per day) for secondary treated effluent and 3mm/d (3m³ litres per m² per day) for primary treated effluent.	
			(da) Where the property* within which the discharge^ occurs is less than 4 ha:  (i) The property* must cover an area of at least either 5,000 m² for properties* created by subdivision after this rule^ becomes operative^, or 2,500 m² for properties* that existed prior to this Rule^ becoming operative^	
			(ii) The wastewater treatment system must include secondary treatment which must achieve, as a	



Rule^	Activity	Classification	l '	Control/Discretion Non-Notification
			minimum, the following discharge quality standards: 20 g/m³ Biochemical Oxygen Demand, 30 g/m³ Suspended Solids, and 60 g/m³ Total Nitrogen.	
			(ii) The land^ application system must be via pumping to dose load pressure compensating dripper irrigation lines.	
			(iii) The loading rate within the wastewater land^ application area must be no greater than 3mm/d (3 litres per m² per day) or lesser rate in accordance with that prescribed in Table 6.2 in the Manual for On-site Wastewater Systems – Design and Management (Horizons Regional Council, 2009).	
			(e) The disposal system shall comprise a pressure compensating drip irrigation land application disposal system.	
			(f) For disposal systems underlain by clay or silt- predominant soils:	
			(i) there shall be at least 600 mm depth between the effluent discharge and the highest groundwater level	
			(ii) there shall be at least 200 mm depth of topsoil, bark or compost beneath the pressure compensating drip irrigation lines.	
			(g) For disposal systems underlain by sand- or gravel- predominant soils:	
			(i) there shall be at least 900 mm depth between the effluent discharge and the highest groundwater level	
			(ii) there shall be at least 300 mm depth of topsoil, bark or compost beneath the pressure compensating drip irrigation lines.	
			(ga) Separation distances to water bodies* and property* boundaries must be in accordance with those specified in Table 2.2 in the Manual for On-site Wastewater	



Rule^	Activity	Classification	Conditions/Standards/Terms	Control/Discretion Non-Notification
			Systems – Design and Management (Horizons Regional Council, 2009)  (gb) The placement, burial, covering and exclusion of the land^ application area must be as specified in section 6 in the Manual for On-site Wastewater Systems – Design and Management (Horizons Regional Council, 2009)  (h) For secondary treatment systems There shall must be at least a 100-50% reserve disposal area allocation. For primary treatment systems this reserve area allocation must be not less than 100%. 46  (i) The activity shall must not take place in any rare habitat*, 29 or threatened habitat* or in any at-risk habitat*.	
			(j) The activity shall must <sup>4</sup> not be to any archaeological site, waahi tapu or koiwi remains historic heritage^ as identified in any district plan^ or regional plan^ schedule or database, or proposed plan^, in the New Zealand Archaeological Association's Site Recording Scheme, or by the Historic Places Trust except where Historic Places Trust approval has been obtained. <sup>54</sup>	
			(k) In the event of an archaeological site, waahi tapu, or kōiwi remains being discovered or disturbed while undertaking the activity, the activity shall cease and the Regional Council shall must be notified as soon as practicable such that the Regional Council will provide advice regarding the appropriate authorities to be contacted. The activity shall not be recommenced without the approval of the Regional Council.54	
			(I) There shall must <sup>4</sup> be a programmed maintenance* contract by a manufacturer approved contractor in accordance with the supplier's specifications or the requirements of the Code of Practice for the Manual for On-Site Wastewater Systems - Design and Management (Horizons Regional Council, 2009) of On- site Wastewater Systems, whichever are the more stringent, and All records of each maintenance* action	



Rule_	Activity	Classification	Conditions/Standards/Terms	Control/Discretion Non-Notification
13-12  Discharges of domestic wastewater not complying with Rules 13-10 and 13-11	The discharge^_of domestic wastewater* into or onto or into² land^ pursuant to ss15(1), 15(2) or 15(2A) RMA and any ancillary discharge^ of contaminants^ into air pursuant to ss15(2) or 15(2A) RMA 4from an on-site wastewater treatment and disposal system that does not comply with one or more of the conditions_of Rules 13-10 or 13-11.	Restricted Discretionary	<ul> <li>shall must be retained and made available for inspection by the Regional Council or its agents upon request. 45</li> <li>(m) The discharge must not cause any offensive or objectionable odour beyond the property* boundary. 46</li> <li>(a) The design flow shall must not exceed 6 m³/d.</li> <li>(b) The flow allowance used to calculate the system design flow shall must be no less than 145 litres per person per day where the water supply is provided by roof water collection, or 180 litres per person per day for other sources of water supply</li> <li>(c) The discharge shall must consist only of contaminants normally associated with domestic sewage and greywater.</li> <li>(d) The activity shall must not take place in any rare habitat, 29 or threatened habitat or in any at-risk habitat.</li> <li>(e) The activity shall must not be to any archaeological site, waahi tapu or kolwi remains historic heritage as identified in any district plan or regional plan schedule or database, or proposed plan; in the New Zealand Archaeological Association's Site Recording Scheme, or by the Historic Places Trust except where Historic Places Trust approval has been obtained. 4</li> <li>(f) In the event of an archaeological site, waahi tapu, or koiwi remains being discovered or disturbed while undertaking the activity, the activity shall cease and the Regional Council shall must he appropriate authorities to be contacted. The activity shall not be recommenced without the approval of the Regional Council. 54</li> <li>(a) All effluent storage and treatment facilities (including)</li> </ul>	Control is reserved over:  (a) the volume of wastewater and design of the treatment system  (b) compliance with the Manual for On-site Wastewater Systems – Design and Management (Horizons Regional Council, 20069) <sup>45</sup> (c) the design of the disposal system, the disposal method, and the rate of land^\(^\) application  (d) the discharge^\(^\) quality, and allowable level of contamination  (e) environmental^\(^\) effects^\(^\) arising from the location and method of disposal  (f) the reserve application area  (g) duration of consent  (h) review of consent conditions^\(^\)  (i) compliance monitoring.  Resource consent^\(^\) applications under this Rfule^\(^\) will not be notified and written approval of affected persons will not be required (notice of applications need not be served on affected persons).
Human effluent storage and	into <sup>2</sup> land <sup>^</sup> of human effluent pursuant to ss15(1), 15(2) or 15(2A) RMA <sup>4</sup> for the purpose of	remilleu	(a) All effluent storage and treatment facilities (including sumps and ponds) shall must <sup>4</sup> be sealed so as to restrict seepage of effluent prevent seepage of effluent to land except through a sealed layer with a permeability not	



Rule <u>^</u>	Activity	Classification	Conditions/Standards/Terms	Control/Discretion
treatment facilities	storing or treating the effluent in ponds and any associated discharge of contaminants into a		more than The permeability of the sealing layer shall not exceed² 1x10.9 m/s.  (b) All effluent storage and treatment facilities (including sumps and ponds) shall must⁴ be located and/or managed in a manner which ensures at all times that:  (i) run-off from the area into surface water bodies*, artificial watercourses* or the Coastal Marine Area^2 is prevented  (ii) run-off from the surrounding catchment is prevented from entering the area.  (c) The discharge^ shall must⁴ not result in any offensive or objectionable odour to the extent that it causes an adverse effect⁴ beyond the boundary of the subject property*.  (d) The discharge^ shall must⁴ comply with the following separation distances:  (i) 150 m from residences, marae, schools, public buildings and public recreation areas  (ii) for all discharges¹, 50 m from rare habitats* 29 and threatened habitats* and at-risk habitats*  (iii) for all discharges 1, 30 m from bores*, surface water_bodies*, artificial water bodies*, public roads^ and the Ceoastal Mmarine Aarea^  (iv) for all discharges 50 m from any archaeological site, waahi tapu or koiwi remains historic heritage^ as identified in any district plan^ or regional plan^ schedule or database or proposed plan^, in the New Zealand Archaeological Association's Site Recording Scheme, or by the Historic Places Trust except where Historic Places Trust approval has been obtained.54	Non-Notification
13-14  Discharges_ of	The <i>discharge</i> of untreated human effluent directly into a	Prohibited		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>47</sup> WTR 94 – 182/58.



Rule <u>^</u>	Activity	Classification	Conditions/Standards/Terms	Control/Discretion Non-Notification
untreated human effluent directly into surface water_	surface water body* pursuant to s15(1) RMA4, except:  (a) within the section of the Whanganui River between NZMS R22: 848380 and			
	NZMS R22: 858392 until 1 July 2009 (b) stormwater that is contaminated with sewage as a result of infiltration during rainfall.			

#### Rule\_ Guide:

Discharges<sup>^</sup> in rare <u>habitats</u><sup>\*</sup>, <u>and</u><sup>29</sup> threatened habitats<sup>\*</sup> and at-risk habitats<sup>\*</sup> are regulated by Rules 12-7 and 12-8. Discharges<sup>^</sup> at other locations are regulated as follows:

- (a) Activities not covered by rules\_ Discharges\_ of sewage pursuant to ss15(1), 15(2) or 15(2A) RMA that are not covered by the rules\_ above are a discretionary activity\_ under Rule 13-27.
- (b) Activities that do not comply Discharges of domestic wastewater pursuant to ss15(1), 15(2) or 15(2A) RMA that do not comply with the permitted activity, controlled activity, controlled activity restricted discretionary activity rules above, but which are not prohibited, are a discretionary activity under Rule 13-27.



#### 13.5 Rules^ - Stormwater

Rule_	Activity	Classification	Conditions/Standards/Terms	Control/Discretion Non-Notification
13-15  Discharges^ of stormwater into surface water bodies* and onto or into land^2	The discharge_ of stormwater into surface water bodies* pursuant to s15(1) RMA4 or onto or into land_ pursuant to ss15(1), 15(2) or 15(2A) RMA4, and any ancillary associated4 takes or diversions of stormwater pursuant to s14(2) RMA4 forming part of the stormwater system.	Permitted	<ul> <li>(a) The discharge^ shall must<sup>4</sup> not include stormwater from any: <ul> <li>(i) industrial or trade premises^ where hazardous substances^ are stored or used</li> <li>(ii) contaminated land^</li> <li>(iii) operating quarry or mineral^ extraction site* unless there is an interceptor system* in place.</li> </ul> </li> <li>(b) For discharges that include stormwater from an industrial or trade premises, or an urban area, the catchment area of the discharge shall not exceed 2 hectares. 48</li> <li>(c) The discharge^ shall must<sup>4</sup> not cause or exacerbate the flooding of any property*, unless written approval is obtained from the affected property owner.<sup>2</sup></li> <li>(d) The activity shall must<sup>4</sup> not cause erosion of any land^ or the bed^ of any<sup>2</sup> water_body* beyond the point of discharge^ unless this is not practicably avoidable, in which case any erosion that occurs as a result of the discharge^ shall must<sup>4</sup> be remedied as soon as practicable.</li> <li>(e) There shall must<sup>4</sup> be no discharge^ to any rare habitat*, 29 or threatened habitat*, at-risk habitat*, or Natural State Wwater Mmanagement Ssub-zone*.<sup>20</sup></li> <li>(f) For discharges^ of stormwater onto or into land^:         (i) the discharge^ shall must<sup>4</sup> be below a rate that would cause flooding outside the design discharge^ soakage area, except in rain events equivalent to</li> </ul>	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>48</sup> WTR 97 – 151/164. <sup>49</sup> WTR 97 – 182/59.



Rule^	Activity	Classification	Conditions/Standards/Terms	Control/Discretion Non-Notification
			or greater than the 10% annual exceedence probability design storm. Any exceedence shall must <sup>4</sup> go into designated overland flow paths  (ii) there shall must <sup>4</sup> not be any overland flow resulting	
			in a discharge to a natural surface water_body*2, except in rain events equivalent to or greater than the 10% annual exceedence probability design storm	
			(iii) the discharge_shall must4 not contain concentrations of hazardous substances_that may cause toxicity are toxic to aquatic ecosystems, or render freshwater unsuitable for human consumption after treatment accumulate in soil.49	
			(g) For discharges_of stormwater into surface_water bodies* the discharge_shall must4 not cause any permanent reduction of the ability of the receiving water_body*_to convey flood flows.	
			(h) For discharges_ of stormwater into surface water bodies* the discharge_ shall must4 not cause, after reasonable mixing*, any of the following effects_ in the receiving water_body*:	
			<ul> <li>(i) the production of conspicuous oil or grease films, scums or foams, or floatable or suspended materials</li> </ul>	
			<ul> <li>(ii) any conspicuous change in the colour or visual clarity of the receiving water         <ul> <li>(iii) any emission of objectionable odour</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
			(iv) the rendering of freshwater unsuitable for consumption by farm animals	
			(v) toxicity to aquatic ecosystems.  (i)(b)The activity shall must4 not be to any archaeological site, waahi tapu or koiwi remains historic heritage^ as identified in any district plan^ or regional plan^ schedule or database, or proposed plan^ in the New Zealand Archaeological Association's Site Recording Scheme, or	



Rule <u>^</u>	Activity	Classification	by the Historic Places Trust except where Historic Places Trust approval has been obtained. <sup>54</sup>	Control/Discretion Non-Notification
13-16 Discharges of stormwater to land not complying with Rule 13-15 <sup>50</sup>	The discharge of stormwater onto land that does not comply with Rule 13-15, and any associated takes and diversions of stormwater forming part of the stormwater system.	Controlled	<ul> <li>(a) The discharge shall not include stormwater from any:         <ul> <li>(i) industrial or trade premises where hazardous substances are stored or used</li> <li>(ii) contaminated land</li> <li>(iii) operating quarry or mineral extraction site unless there is an interceptor system* in place.</li> </ul> </li> <li>(b) The discharge shall be below a rate that would cause flooding outside the design discharge soakage area, except in rain events equivalent to or greater than the 10% annual exceedence probability design storm. Any exceedence shall go into designated overland flow paths.</li> <li>(c) There shall not be any overland flow resulting in a discharge to a natural surface waterbody except in rain events equivalent to or greater than the 10% annual exceedence probability design storm.</li> <li>(d) There shall be no discharge to any rare, threatened habitat* or at risk habitat*.</li> </ul>	Control is reserved over:  (a) measures to control flooding and erosion  (b) contaminant concentrations and loading rates  (c) measures to avoid adverse effects on groundwater quality  (d) measures to manage the level of soil contamination  (e) measures to manage effects on surface waterbodies  (f) odour management  (g) stormwater system maintenance requirements  (i) monitoring and information requirements  (j) duration of consent, and  (k) review of consent conditions.  Resource consent applications under this rule will not be notified and written approval of affected persons will not be required (notice of applications need not be served on affected persons).
13-17  Discharges_ of stormwater into surface water bodies* or onto or into land^2 not	The discharges_of stormwater into surface water bodies* pursuant to s15(1) RMA or onto or into land^ pursuant to s15(1), 15(2) or 15(2A) RMA 4 which do not comply with Rule	Restricted Discretionary	(a) There shall must <sup>4</sup> be no discharge_to any natural lake_1, rare habitat*, 4 or or Natural State Wwater Mmanagement Ssubzone*20 with a Value of Natural State <sup>2</sup> or Site of Significance - Aquatic.	Discretion is reserved over:  (a) measures to control flooding and erosion  (b) contaminant concentrations and loading rates  (ba) measures to avoid adverse effects on

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>50</sup> WTR 98 – 363/158.



Rule^	Activity	Classification	Conditions/Standards/Terms	Control/Discretion
				Non-Notification
complying with	13-1 <u>56</u> 1, and any <u>ancillary</u>			groundwater quality
Rule 13- <u>156</u> 1	associated <sup>4</sup> takes or diversions of stormwater <u>pursuant to</u>			(bb) measures to manage the level of soil contamination <sup>51</sup>
	s14(2) RMA <sup>4</sup> forming part of the stormwater system.			(c) measures required to comply with s107(1) RMA
				(d) measures required to comply with the water_ quality standards for the <u>W</u> water <u>M</u> management <u>S</u> sub-zone(s)* <sup>20</sup>
				(e) odour management
				(f) stormwater system <i>maintenance</i> *_ requirements
				(g) contingency requirements
				(h) monitoring and information requirements
				(i) duration of consent, and
				(j) review of consent <i>conditions</i> .

### Rule^ Guide:

- (a)
- Discharges in rare habitats, and threatened habitats and at-risk habitats are regulated by Rules 12-7 and 12-8.

  Discharges in Natural State Wwater Mmanagement Ssub-zones, with a Value of Natural State of Significance Aquatic are regulated by Rule 13-23. (b)

#### Discharges^ at other locations are regulated as follows:

- Activities not covered by rules Discharges of stormwater <u>pursuant to ss15(1)</u>, 15(2) or 15(2A) RMA that are not covered by the rules above are a discretionary activity under (a) Rule 13-27.
- Activities that do not comply Discharges of stormwater that do not comply with the permitted or controlled activity rules above are a discretionary activity under Rule 13-27.

WTR 99 - Consequential change as a result incorporation of Rule 13-16 into Rule 13-17 to avoid duplication and improve clarity (182/60 & 61).



#### 13.6 Rules^ - Dyes and Tracers

Rule^	Activity	Classification	Conditions/Standards/Terms	Control/Discretion Non-Notification
13-18  Discharges_ of dye and salt tracers	The discharge_ of dye and salt tracer material, excluding radioisotope tracers, into a surface2 water_body* pursuant to s15(1) RMA4.	Permitted	<ul> <li>(a) The dye or salt tracer material discharged shall must not exceed 20 l of dye in solution, 10 kg of salt, or 100 l of salt solution.</li> <li>(b) The Regional Ceouncil and the relevant Territorial Authority shall must be notified in writing of the proposed discharge at least 24 hours prior to the discharge. Such notification shall must include: <ul> <li>(i) the name and contact details of the person responsible for the discharge</li> <li>(ii) the purpose and nature of the discharge</li> <li>(iii) the nature of the tracer including its type, colour, and product name and description</li> <li>(iv) the location, timing and duration of the discharge</li> </ul> </li> <li>(c) The dye or salt tracer shall must not be a hazardous substance in terms of the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996.</li> <li>(d) There shall must be no discharge to any natural lake, rare habitat, or 29 threatened habitat or at-risk habitat, or Natural State water management zone reach of a water body with a Value of Natural State or Site of Significance – Aquatic listed in Schedule Ba. 20</li> </ul>	

#### Rule\_ Guide:

- (a)
- Discharges\_in rare habitats\*, and 29 threatened habitats\* and at-risk habitats\* are regulated by Rules 12-7 and 12-8.

  Discharges\_in Natural State Wwater Mmanagement Ssub-zones\* with a Value of Natural State of Significance Aquatic are regulated by Rule 13-23. (b)

*Discharges* at other locations are regulated as follows:

Activities not covered by rules\_ - Discharges\_ of radioisotope tracers and other tracers <u>pursuant to s15(1) RMA</u>4 that are not covered by the rule\_ above are a discretionary activity\_ under Rule 13-27.



Activities that do not comply – Discharges of dyes and tracers pursuant to s15(1) RMA that do not comply with the permitted activity rule above are a discretionary activity under (b) Rule 13-27.

#### 13.7 Rules\_ - Cleanfill\_, Composting\_, Landfills\_, and Solid Waste\_

Rule^	Activity	Classification	Conditions/Standards/Terms	Control/Discretion Non-Notification
13-19 Discharges_ of cleanfill_	The discharge_ of cleanfill material*52 onto or into land_ pursuant to ss15(1), 15(2) or 15(2A) RMA4 and any ancillary associated* discharge_ of contaminants_ into water_ pursuant to s15(1) RMA4 or air pursuant to ss15(2) or 15(2A) 4 RMA except as regulated by other rules^ in this Plan.53	Permitted	<ul> <li>(a) The siting, design, installation and management shall must<sup>4</sup> be in accordance with A Guide to the Management of Cleanfills (Ministry for the Environment, 2002).</li> <li>(b) The rate of cleanfill material*52 deposition shall must<sup>4</sup> be no more than 2,500 m³/y per property*.</li> <li>(c) The cleanfill material*52 shall must<sup>4</sup> not be deposited within: <ol> <li>(i) a rare habitat*,29 of¹- threatened habitat* or at-risk habitat*</li> <li>(ii) a site with a slope* greater than 20°</li> <li>(iii) 50 m from any archaeological site, waahi tapu or koiwi remains historic heritage^ as identified in any district plan^ or regional plan^ schedule or database or proposed plan^.; in the New Zealand Archaeological Association's Site Recording Scheme, or by the Historic Places Trust except where Historic Places Trust approval has been obtained.<sup>54</sup></li> </ol></li></ul> <li>(d) Peoprets of the source and appropriation of all cleanfits?</li>	
			(d) Records of the source and composition of all <u>cleanfil</u> <sup>52</sup> <u>I</u> material* disposed of at the site* shall must <sup>4</sup> be maintained and made available to the <u>Rregional</u> <u>Ce</u> ouncil upon request.	

WTR 169 - 303/5.

WTR 101 – 182/ 62. Changes recommended by the officers report for Historic Heritage.



Rule^	Activity	Classification	Conditions/Standards/Terms	Control/Discretion Non-Notification
			(e) The placement of the <i>cleanfill</i> <u>material</u> *52 shall <u>must</u> 4 be undertaken and maintained in a manner so as to ensure its long-term physical stability.	
13-20 Composting* operations	The discharge_ of contaminants_ onto or into land_ pursuant to ss15(1), 15(2) or 15(2A) RMA_4, or into air pursuant to ss15(2) or 15(2A) RMA_4 arising from a composting_ operation.	Permitted	<ul> <li>(a) The material to be composted shall must<sup>4</sup> be green waste*, and shall must<sup>4</sup> not contain any hazardous substance^ or sewage.</li> <li>(b) The activity shall must<sup>4</sup> not be located within:  (i) a rare habitat*, or 29threatened habitat* or an atrisk habitat*  (ii) the bed_ or floodplain<sup>2</sup> of a river_ or lake_  (iii) a site with a slope* greater than 20°  (iv) 50 m from any archaeological site, waahi tapu or koiwi remains historic heritage^ as identified in any district plan^ or regional plan^ schedule or database or proposed plan^, in the New Zealand Archaeological Association's Site Recording Scheme, or by the Historic Places Trust except where Historic Places Trust approval has been obtained.<sup>54</sup></li> <li>(c) All areas used for the composting* operation, including areas for storing compost, shall must<sup>4</sup> be located and/or managed in a manner that ensures at all times when such areas are in use:  (i) run-off from the area into surface a water body*, artificial watercourse* or the Coastal Marine Area^2 is prevented</li> <li>(ii) run-off from the surrounding catchment is prevented from entering the area.</li> <li>(d) The discharge_ shall must<sup>4</sup> not cause any offensive or objectionable odour to the extent that causes an adverse effect^ beyond the property* boundary.<sup>2</sup></li> </ul>	
13-21 Closed <i>landfills</i> *	The discharge_ of contaminants_ into water_ pursuant to s15(1) RMA4 or air	Controlled		Control is reserved over:  (a) measures to avoid adverse effects_ on groundwater quality



Rule^	Activity	Classification	Conditions/Standards/Terms	Control/Discretion Non-Notification
	pursuant to ss15(2) or 15(2A) RMA <sup>4</sup> from a closed solid			(b) measures to manage the level of soil contamination
	waste <u>*</u> landfill <u>*</u> .			(c) measures to manage <i>effects</i> _on surface water_bodies*, including maintaining the V+alues and water_quality standards set out in Schedule DBa <sup>20</sup>
				(d) odour management
				(e) stormwater management onto and from the site_
				(f) contingency requirements
				(g) monitoring and information requirements
				(h) duration of consent
				(i) review of consent <i>conditions</i> .
				Resource consent_ applications under this Rfule_1 will not be notified and written approval of affected persons will not be required (notice of applications need not be served on affected persons).
13-22  Discharges_ of persistent and harmful contaminants_	Any discharge_ onto or into land_ pursuant to ss15(1), 15(2) or 15(2A) RMA4, or into water_ pursuant to s15(1)RMA4, of:  (a) wastewater sludge originating from timber treatment processes using copper-chromium-arsenic wood preservatives  (b) perchlorethylene-contaminated waste_from dry cleaning operations  (c) persistent organochlorine substances	Non-complying		
	(d) polyaromatic			



Rule^	Activity	Classification	Conditions/Standards/Terms	Control/Discretion
				Non-Notification
	hydrocarbons			
	(e) ∓tributyl tin.¹			

### Rule^ Guide:

(a) Discharges in rare habitats, and 12-8.

*Discharges*<sup>^</sup> at other locations are regulated as follows:

- (a) Activities not covered by rules Discharges pursuant to ss15(1), 15(2) or 15(2A) RMA4 that are not covered by the rules above are a discretionary activity under Rule 13-27.
- (b) Activities that do not comply Discharges pursuant to ss15(1), 15(2) or 15(2A) RMA<sup>4</sup> that do not comply with the permitted activity or controlled activity rules above, but which are not non-complying, are a discretionary activity under Rule 13-27.



# Rules^ – Discharges^ of contaminants^ $^2$ to Natural State <u>W</u>water <u>M</u>management <u>Ssub-</u>zones $^{55}$ , Lakes^ and Wetlands^ 13.8

Rule^	Activity	Classification	Conditions/Standards/Terms	Control/Discretion Non-Notification
Discharges of contaminants of Natural State Wwater Mmanagement Subzones with a value of Natural State, of Significance – Aquatic and lakes and wetlands	Any direct discharge_ of contaminants_ pursuant to ss15(1), 15(2) or 15(2A) RMA4 into:  (a) a reach of a water body* with a value identified as Natural State Wwater Mmanagement Sub-zone* in Schedule Ba²  (b) a site* or reach of a² water_body* identified as a Site of Significance – Aquatic in Schedule DBa55  (c) a natural lake, except Lake Otamangakau, Lake Te Whaiau and Lake Moawhango56  (d) a wetland classified as a rare or threatened habitat*56	Non-complying		
	except the discharge_ of agrichemicals* for the purpose of controlling pests control as defined in a Regional Pest Management Strategy prepared under the Biosecurity Act 19934 (this activity is			

Consequential change due to recommendations to amend Schedules – See "Report on Scope for Water Chapter Recommendations" Clause (iii). Consequential change due to new glossary definition of *water body*\*.



Rule <u>^</u>	Activity	Classification	Conditions/Standards/Terms	Control/Discretion
				Non-Notification
	regulated by Rule 14-2).			

# 13.9 Rules\_ - Generic Discharge\_ Rules\_

Rule^	Activity	Classification	Conditions/Standards/Terms	Control/Discretion Non-Notification
13-24 Discharges_ of contaminants_ to surface water bodies*2	The discharge_ of contaminants_ into surface water bodies*2 pursuant to s15(1) RMA, except as regulated by other rules_ in this Plan.	Permitted	<ul> <li>(a) The rate of discharge^ shall must<sup>4</sup> be no greater than 50 m³/d.</li> <li>(b) The discharge^ shall must<sup>4</sup> not contain agricultural waste*, sewage, stormwater, cleanfill* material<sup>52</sup>, contaminants^ from composting* operations, or contaminants^ from landfills*.</li> <li>(c) The discharge^ shall must<sup>4</sup> not cause or exacerbate the flooding of any property*, unless written approval is obtained from the affected property* owner^2.²</li> <li>(d) The discharge^ shall must<sup>4</sup> not cause any scouring or erosion of any land^ or water_body* beyond the point of discharge^</li> <li>(e) The discharge^ shall must<sup>4</sup> not alter the natural course of any water_body*.</li> <li>(f) There shall must<sup>4</sup> be no discharge^ to any natural lake^, rare habitat*, or <sup>29</sup>threatened habitat*, at-risk habitat*, Site of Significance - Aquatic or Natural State Wwater Mmanagement Ssub-zone* with a Value of Natural State or Site of Significance - Aquatic .<sup>20</sup></li> <li>(g) The discharges^ shall must<sup>4</sup> not cause, after reasonable mixing*, any of the following effects^ in the receiving water_body*</li> <li>(i) the production of conspicuous oil* or grease films, scums or foams, or floatable or suspended materials</li> </ul>	



<ul> <li>(ii) any conspicuous change in the colour or visual clarity of the receiving water (iii) any emission of offensive or objectionable odour.</li> <li>(h) The discharges shall must not, after reasonable mixing, cause the receiving water body to breach the water and it is the receiving water body to breach the</li> </ul>	Rule <u>^</u>	Activity	Classification	Conditions/Standards/Terms	Control/Discretion Non-Notification
13-25 Discharges' of contaminants' onto or into land' in circumstances that will not enter water' will not enter water' still in any contaminant's onto or into land' in circumstances that will not enter water' will not enter water' will not enter water' still in any contaminant's onto or into land' in circumstances that will not enter water' will not enter water' will not enter water' still in any contaminant's onto or into land' in circumstances that will not enter water'  still in any contaminants' from composition, operations, or contaminants' from composition, operations, or contaminants' from landilis'. (c) The discharge's shall must' not be located within: (i) any rare habilar', or 2°threatened habitar' or an attack habitar' (ii) the bed' or floodplain of a river' or lake' (iii) a site' with a slope' greater than 20' (iv) 50 m from any archaeological site, waahl tapu or keim from any archaeological site, waahl tapu or keimite plant', schedule or database or proposed plant', schedule or database or proposed plant', in the New Zealand Archaeological Associations' Site Recording Scheme, or by the Historic Places Trust except where Historic Places Trust excep	Discharges_of contaminants_onto or into²_land_that	contaminants_ onto or into land_ in circumstances that will not result in any contaminant_ entering water_, pursuant to ss15(1)(d), 15(2) or s 15(2A) RMA, except as regulated by	Permitted	clarity of the receiving water_  (iii) any emission of offensive or2 objectionable odour.  (h) The discharges^shall must4 not, after reasonable mixing*, cause the receiving water_body* to breach the water_quality standards for that water_body* set out in Schedule D, either from the discharge^itself or in combination with any other discharges*.  (a) The rate of discharge^shall must4 be no more than 100 m³/y per property*.  (b) The discharge^shall must4 not contain agricultural waste*, sewage, stormwater, cleanfill material*52, contaminants^from composting* operations, or contaminants^from landfills*.  (c) The discharge^shall must4 not be located within:  (i) any rare habitat*, or 29 threatened habitat* or an atrisk habitat*  (ii) the bed_or floodplain of a river_or lake^(iii) a site_with a slope* greater than 20°  (iv) 50 m from any archaeological site, waahi tapu or koiwi remains historic heritage^as identified in any district plan^for regional plan^for schedule or database or proposed plan^for in the New Zealand Archaeological Association's Site Recording Scheme, or by the Historic Places Trust except where Historic Places Trust approval has been obtained.54  (d) Records of the source and composition of the discharge^shall must4 be maintained and made available to the Regional Council upon request.  (e) The discharge^shall must4 be undertaken and maintained in a manner so as to ensure its long-term stability, and avoid the risk of causing2 erosion.	NON-NOUNCERION



Rule^	Activity	Classification	Conditions/Standards/Terms	Control/Discretion Non-Notification				
			the concentration of <i>hazardous substances</i> or pathogenic organisms on or in any <i>land</i> .					
			(g) The discharge shall must not have any acid-producing potential.					
13-26 Discharges_ of	The discharge_ of contaminants_ onto or into	Permitted	(a) The discharge shall must comply with all of the conditions of Rule 13-24.					
contaminants_ onto or into2_ land_ that	land_ in circumstances which may result in those	mstances which those \$\(^2\) (or any other \(^2\) emanating as a iral processes from ininants\(^2\) entering uant to \$15(1)(b) as regulated by	(b) The discharge_ shall must4 comply with all of the conditions_ of Rule 13-25, except condition-(a).					
may enter <i>water</i> _	contaminants^ (or any other contaminant^ emanating as a result of natural processes from those contaminants^) entering		(c) There <u>discharge</u> ^1 shall <u>must</u> <sup>4</sup> be at least 600 mm <del>depth</del> between the discharge and above the seasonally highest <u>water</u> table. <sup>2</sup>					
	water_, pursuant to s15(1)(b) RMA, except as regulated by		(d) The <i>discharge</i> shall must comply with the following separation distances:					
	other <i>rules</i> in this Plan.		(i) at least 30 m from any bore*					
							(ii) at least 20 m from any <del>river, lake, natural wetland</del> <del>or</del> <u>water body</u> *56, artificial watercourse*, or the <u>C</u> eoastal <u>M</u> marine <u>A</u> area^.	
			(e) There shall must <sup>4</sup> be no surface ponding in the area of discharge_, or run-off of any contaminant_ into a surface water body*, artificial watercourse* or the Coastal Marine Area^2 as a result of the discharge					
			(f) The discharge shall not cause any detectable reduction in the quality of groundwater.					
			(g) The discharge_\(^\) shall must^4 not result in any airborne liquid contaminant_\(^\) being carried beyond the boundary of the subject property_\(^\).					

#### Rule\_ Guide:

- Discharges pursuant to ss15(1), 15(2) or 15(2A) RMA4 in rare habitats, and at-risk habitats are regulated by Rules 12-7 and 12-8.

  Discharges pursuant to ss15(1), 15(2) or 15(2A) RMA4 in Natural State Wwater Mmanagement Ssub-zones with a Value of Natural State or Significance Aquatic are regulated (b) by Rule 13-23.

*Discharges*<sup>^</sup> at other locations are regulated as follows:

(a) Discharges pursuant to ss15(1), 15(2) or 15(2A) RMA4 that do not meet the requirements of the generic rules, and are not covered by any other rule in the Plan, are discretionary activities. under Rule 13-27.



## 13.10 Rules - Default Discharge Rule

Rule^	Activity	Classification	Conditions/Standards/Terms	Control/Discretion Non-Notification
13-27  Discharges_ of contaminants_ to land_ or water_ not covered by other rules_ in this Plan	The discharge^ of contaminants^ into surface water^ pursuant to s15(1)(a) RMA or discharge^ of contaminants^ into or onto land^ pursuant to ss15(1) (b), 15(1)(d), 15(2) or 15(2A) RMA <sup>4</sup> which are not regulated by other rules^ in this Plan, or which do not comply with the permitted activity^4, controlled activity^ 4 or restricted discretionary activity^4 rules^ in this Plan.	Discretionary		

### Rule^ Guide:

(a) Associated discharges to air are dealt with in Chapter 14, Discharges to Air.<sup>2</sup>.

