## Appendix 1

Rule	Activity	Classification	Conditions/Standards/Terms	Control/Discretion
				Non-notification
13-1	This rule applies to the uses of	Controlled		Control is reserved over:
Dairy farming* cropping*,	land identified in this rule		(a) The activity must not result in nitrogen	(a) the management of nitrogen,
commercial vegetable	where those uses are existing		leaching (from whatever cause including	phosphorus, faecal contamination and
growing*, and intensive	from the dates specified in		urine and faeces from stock) from the land	sediment from the activity
sheep and beef farming* and	Table 13.1. Table 13.1 has		for the activity exceeding the cumulative	(b) effects on rare habitats, threatened
together with associated	dates based on the relevant		nitrogen leaching maximum.	habitats and at risk habitats and
activities	water management sub-zone in			management of these effects
	which the use occurs. For the		For the purpose of this rule the cumulative	(c) implementation of management
	purpose of this rule an		nitrogen leaching maximum is the sum of the	practices identified in the audited
	identified use is existing if it		total kilograms of nitrogen per hectare per year	whole of farm nutrient management
	has occurred on the land since		for all land on which the use occurs calculated	plan
	notification of this plan.		using the values in Table 13.2 and using the	(d) any setbacks from rivers, and
			timeframes in Table 13.2.	wetlands, required to minimise faecal
	This rule applies from the date			and sediment runoff to water.
	specified in Table 13.1 to any		(b) From the date specified in Table 13.1 (the	(e) the effect of odour, dust, waste or
	new land use to which the rule		date the rule comes into force for each sub	fertiliser drift or spray drift
	applies. It applies in all water		zone) in order to demonstrate that the	(f) the maximum rate and annual volume
	management sub-zones in the		nitrogen leaching from the land for the	of nitrogen application from all
	region. For the purpose of this		activity does not exceed the cumulative	sources
	rule a new use is a use of a		nitrogen leaching maximum and to minimise	(g) those matters of control specified in
	property for activities caught by		phosphorous loss, the activity shall prepare	rules 13-2, 13-3, 13-4, 13-5, and 13-6
	this rule that commenced from		and operate under an audited whole of farm	(h) effects on wetlands and the
	the date the rule becomes		nutrient management plan;	management of those effects
	operative.			(i) rates, volumes, and timing of water
			(c) From the date set out in Table 13.1 (the date	application to land
	This rule applies to the		the rule comes into force for each sub zone)	(j) the provision of information to the
	following uses of land pursuant		all livestock are to be excluded from any	Regional Council to demonstrate
	to s.9(2) RMA:		rare habitat, threatened habitat or at risk	compliance with the consent
	(a) Dairy farming		habitat	(k) duration of consent
	(b) Cropping			(l) review of consent conditions
	(c) Commercial vegetable		(d) Within 2 years of the date specified in Table	(m) compliance monitoring
	growing (and market		13.1 all livestock are to be excluded from	
	gardening)		any river;	Resource consent applications under this
	(d) Intensive sheep and beef			rule will not be notified and written approval
	farming		(e) Within 2 years of the date specified in Table	of affected persons will not be required
	together with any of the		13.1 (the date the rule becomes comes into	(notice of applications need not be served on
	following activities associated		force for each sub zone) all stock crossing	affected persons)
	with the above uses:		points of rivers shall either be culverted or	
	i. the taking and use of		bridged, and those culverts or bridges used	

surface water	by livestock whenever they cross the river,
ii. the discharge of	and having effluent run-off to paddock;
fertiliser onto land	
pursuant to $ss15(1)$ ,	(f) From the date the plan becomes operative all
15(2) or 15(2A) RMA	farming operations within Table 13.1
and any consequential	specified sub zones shall comply with the
discharge of	standards and conditions specified in rules
contaminants to air	13-2, 13-3, 13-4, 13-5, and 13-6 where
pursuant to $ss15(2)$ or	applicable.
15 (2A) RMA	11
iii. the discharge of	For the purpose of this rule river is specified as
contaminants onto land	either a permanently flowing body of water, or
pursuant to $ss15(1)$ ,	intermittently flowing body of water with an
15(2), or 15(2A) RMA	active bed width greater than 1 m.
from	
a. the preparation,	For the purpose of this rule livestock means dairy
storage, use or	cows, calves, heifers, bulls, drystock, sheep and
transportation of	pigs.
stock feed on	
production land, or	For the purpose of this rule an audited whole of
b. the use of a feed pad	farm nutrient management plan is a nutrient
and any	management plan prepared in accordance with the
consequential	Code of Practice for Nutrient Management (2009)
discharge of	which takes into account all sources of nutrients
contaminants to air	applicable to the farming operation and which is
pursuant to $ss15(2)$	prepared by a person who has successfully
or 15(2A) RMA	completed the Advanced Nutrient Management
iv. the discharge of grade A	training course
biosolids and soil	
conditioners onto or into	Information Requirement
production land	The applicant must:
pursuant to $ss15(1)$ ,	(a) Complete an approved Farmer Applied
15(2), or 15(2A) RMA,	Resource Management Strategy
and any consequential	(FARM Strategy);
discharge of	(b) Identify the Land Use Capability
contaminants to air	classes of all land on which the activity
pursuant to $ss15(2)$ or	to which this rule relates occurs;
15(2A) RMA	(c) Calculate based on the LUC class of the
v. any discharge of	land and Table 13.2 the total maximum
contaminants to land	kilograms of nitrogen leaching per
pursuant to ss15(1),	hectare per year permissible based on
paroaanie to 0010(1),	

15/0) 15/01) 53/1	
15(2) or 15(2A) RMA	the values and timetable in table 13.2
from farm animals	
associated with the land	
use including:	
a. effluent from dairy	
sheds and ancillary	
feed pads	
b. effluent from	
existing piggeries	
c. sludge from farm	
effluent ponds	
d. poultry farm litter	
and effluent and	
consequential	
discharge of	
contaminants into air	
pursuant to ss15(1),	
15(2) or 15(2A)	
RMA.	